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NATIONAL NEWS ASSOCIATION SPECIAL WIRE SERVICE.

THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

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Clarence S. Darrow Will Retire When Dynamiting Case Is E[illegible]ed

Photo by American Press Association.

CLARENCE S. DARROW of Chicago, principal attorney for the two McNamaras, accused of complicity in the dynamiting of the plant of the Los Angeles Times, announces that when this case is ended he will retire from the practice of law. The legal firm of which he is a member has already been dissolved, and Mr. Darrow has no other law business ahead of him. He says that he will devote his time after the McNarama trial is over to resting, lecturing and literary pursuits. Mr. Darrow at first was not inclined to undertake the defense of the McNamaras, as he said that he feared the hard work necessary would be too much of a strain. The union labor leaders remembered his successful defense of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone of the Western Federation of Miners, and they insisted that Mr. Darrow should represent the McNamaras, and he consented. The case, which has been set for Oct. 11, will be hard fought and will be watched by the entire world.

GERMANY HAS FORTIFICATIONS ON HELIGOLAND ISLAND

Secretly Erected Impregnable Fortress on Soil Purchased From England—Belgium People Excited Over Dutch Claims on Belgium.

(By FREDERICK WERNER.)
Special Cable from The International News Service.

Berlin, Aug. 1.—Since Tuesday last the island of Heligoland, which England more than once has had reason to regret was ever sold to Germany, has been an independent German fortification.

Until August 1, it was under the immediate command of a captain of the engineering corps, but, because of its extreme importance as a naval base in case of a war with England, a change has now been made and an independent command has been established on the island itself.

For years Germany, under cover of the utmost secrecy, has improved the fortifications of the island until now it must be considered impregnable, having been provided not only with the most modern and most complete defensive works and appliances, but also with the finest and most destructive artillery ever made in the famous Krupp works.

Enterprising German newspapers have given wonderful detailed descriptions of the new fortifications and guns, but I am informed by a very high official in the War Department, that all these details are the products of mere journalistic imagination. The naval and military authorities have preserved the strictest secrecy concerning the work that has been conducted on the island, and every inch of the rock devoted to fortifications or other military purposes has been hidden behind a high fence. Moreover, in order to prevent prying, especial care has been taken to stop all the crevices in this fence.

The people of Belgium are in a state of great excitement over persistent rumor that the Dutch claims to the right of blocking the Scheldt and Antwerp in case of war against an English relief fleet rest upon a treaty concluded some years ago by Baron Pavereau, the Belgian Foreign Secretary. This treaty is said to relinquish in favor of Holland the right to watch over the Scheldt and over the conditions of fluvial security in time of war.

I hear that the Belgian Government will shortly be questioned on the subject in the Senate, there being reason to believe that some such treaty really exists, although the friendly disposition of the Dutch towards Belgium momentarily lull the fears of the Belgian government as to the use Holland might make of a convention so worded.

The government will also be questioned in the Senate concerning the projected new railroad connections between Germany and Belgium, which would secure to a Germany army an easy passage through Belgium to France by allowing it to avoid the Belgium fortification of the Meuse valley, and strike at France in the unprotected neighborhood of Stenay, halfway between Mezieres and Verdun.

Germany has been pushing her military and railroad preparations on the Belgian frontier to such an extent that certain senators, resolved upon expressing the public uneasiness of the Socialists, have chosen for one of their candidates at the approaching municipal elections young Sipide, who, in 1901, at the Brussels Northern Railroad station, shot at King Edward, then Prince of Wales, but missed. Although Sipido has long since expressed his deep repentance, and has led an exemplary life, his candida-

(Continued on Page Five.)

NO LOOP HOLE FOR NEAR BEER DEALERS SAYS MR. BICKETT

Strict Construction of Section 61 Means That Dealers Cannot Sell Malt—Point Was Raised That Dealers Could Operate Malt Saloons.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 1.—There has developed in many quarters a fear that there was a loop-hole in the legislation of the recent legislature that would allow places as objectionable as near beer saloons in the State in spite of the near beer prohibition act, in that section 61 of the revenue act provides a license tax of $10 for "selling malt." It was insisted by some that sheriffs and other officials would be obliged to issue licenses for the sale of malt liquors under this act. However the question has been put up to the attorney general and he has ruled that section 61 applies only to dry malt under strict interpretation and not to liquid malts. This question has been raised recently in several sections of the State but the ruling of the attorney general puts an end to any hopes of the near beer interests that section 61 might give them a "toe-hold" for maintaining malt saloons in the stead of near beer saloons.

BROUGHT ACROSS CONTINENT TO BE TRIED FOR ROBBERY.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 1.—C. F. Brandt was brought here today from Portland, Oregon, on a warrant issued from the Federal court at Wilmington, charging him with breaking into the postoffice at Cronley last March. He made way with about $15 worth of postage stamps. The prisoner was brought across the country from Oregon to North Carolina by Chief Deputy Marshal M. C. Swain.

ASYLUM

For Insane Burned at Hamilton, Ont.—Inmates Escaped Without Injury.

Hamilton, Ont., Aug. 1.—Fire today destroyed the Hamilton Asylum for the insane. One thousand inmates were turned loose in the corridors and driven to safety by the attendants, when it was found that the buildings could not be saved. The asylum plant was a very large and handsome one and the fire was one of the most disastrous in the history of the city.

RALEIGH ALDERMEN TO ELECT POLICE JUSTICE FRIDAY

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 1.—It is understood that the Raleigh aldermen will on next Friday night elect a police justice to succeed the late Justice Badger, the term to be filled being for over eighteen months. It is reported that Walter L. Watson, a prominent attorney, will be selected. The avowed candidates for the place are Acting Police Justice W. C. Harris, Former Police Justice Alex Stronach, J. H. Cheshire, Jr., and J. J. Bernard, who has been register of deeds for a number of terms being urged by his friends but not out as an active candidate. Former Justice Stronach was defeated by Mr. Badger in the last election after he had served a term. Acting Justice Harris has been presiding with a high degree of satisfaction to the public since Justice Badger became too ill to serve. He was also a candidate in the last election and made a good run. J. B. Cheshire has done important political work for the controling element of the Democratic party in Raleigh for several years and has strong friends pulling for his election.

MANY VETERANS GO TO WILMINGTON TO ATTEND REUNION

Number of Survivors of Guilford Camp Were Among Merry Company That Left Yesterday—All Buoyant Over Thoughts of Good Time Ahead.

The annual reunion of the North Carolina division, U. C. V. opens today in Wilmington, and many of the old and loyal Confederates, clad in the gray of the supporters of the lost cause, have been passing through the city for the past two days en route to the seaport town. Wilmington and Wrightsville Beach are together royally entertaining the old soldiers. A special to the city by the sea was operated from this city this morning and fully four score of the veterans, from the camps of various surrounding counties, took advantage of the accommodation and the company of their comrades and left for the three-day outing.

The majority of the vets wore the conventional gray uniform, better by far than those that protected them through those "days that tried men's souls," all bore proudly upon their breasts their veteran's badges and insignias, with souvenirs of former reunions. Seeing about them their comrades in the mighty strife of the Civil war turned the memories of the veterans back to their youthful days, and they laughed heartily as, congregated in their car, they related incidents of the march and camp life and before the train pulled out all were treated to a waltz by an especially young veteran.

A number of the surviving members of Guilford Camp were among the party, headed by Commander J. Y. Whitted. The old battle flag of the company was brought forth from its place of safekeeping, carefully shrouded in an oil-skin cover to protect it from the dust until the arrival in the city by the sea.

CANADA WANTS RECIPROCITY SAYS PREMIER LAURIER

Stump Speaking Parties to Work in Interest of Treaty.

Ottowa, Ont., Aug. 1.—The first stump speaking parties will start out next week to make a tour of Canada in the interest of the reciprocity treaty with the United States. Premier Laurier is to travel the province of Ontario and Minister of Finance Fielding will speak in the western provinces.

Sir Wilfried Laurier insists that the country wants reciprocity, and he said today he believed his party would have a very largely increased majority in the new Parliament.

TURKEY

Will no Longer Tolerate Protection of Albanian Refugees by Montenegro.

Vienna, Austria, Aug. 1.—Turkey has served notice on Montenegro that she will no longer tolerate the protection of Albanian refugees by Montenegro. Conditions appear to indicate that war is inevitable and it is proble that it will begin soon.

Orphans' Concert.

The orphans from the Oxford Orphanage will give an entertainment in the annex auditorium of West Market church Aug 11, at 8 o'clock. A first class concert by first class singers is promised.

COTTON CROP FOR THE PAST MONTH SHOWS GOOD GAIN

Percentage for August is 86.9 Against 85.9 in July — Over Seven Points Above the Ten Year Average—The Comparison by States.

New York, Aug. 1.—The Journal of Commerce says: Replies from 1,945 special correspondents of the Journal of Commerce of an average date of July 23 make the percentage condition of cotton 86.9, the highest in 11 years of special reports of this paper.

This compares with 85 per cent a month ago, or a rise of 1 point, and 7.7 points above the ten year average of 79.2. As a rule reports were of a highly satisfactory nature and it is only in North Carolina, Mississippi, Louisiana and Oklahoma that cotton has lost from its high condition of last month. The deterioration in Louisiana was 5.6 points, where too much rain and the fear of boll weevil caused considerable apprehension, the other states suffered but little.

Following is the report with comparisons:

State	Aug.	July	1910	1909	1908
N. C.	87 4	87.4	74.3	75.7	90.2
S. C.	32.1	79.6	71.2	77	81.3
Ga.	91.5	90.4	68.4	78.7	84
Fla.	92	91	66.2	83	80.4
Ala.	92.2	91.4	72.4	69	85.6
Miss.	82.6	83.9	69.2	64.8	86.2
La.	77.2	82.8	66.3	64.2	84.8
Texas	87.4	83.2	89.9	70.3	83.2
Ark.	90.6	68.7	74.5	78	86
Tenn.	91.4	86.5	73.7	76.4	86.7
Missouri	87.2	85.6	78.2	85	87
Oklahoma	88.3	88.6	87.7	82.5	72.1
Average	86.9	85.9	74.9	73.1	83.6

WOMAN

Aviator Granted Pilots License by the Aero Club of America.

Hempstead, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Miss Harriet Quimbly, the leading woman aviator of the world, has been given a pilots license by the Aero Club of America. Miss Quimby is the first licensed woman aviator in America.

HEAVY RAINS HAVE RELIEVED WATER SUPPLY IN RALEIGH

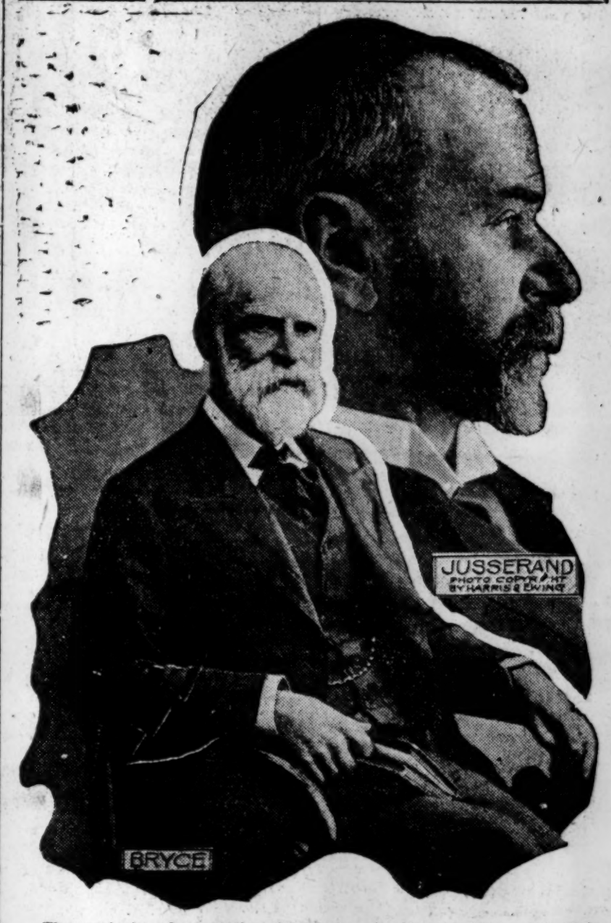
Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 1.—Heavy rains here have again released an alarming situation as to Raleigh's water supply. For several days past there had been a steady decline in the water supply inspite of the closest attention to correction of water waste the city over through stopping leaks and by other means. For the second time, too, the big electric street sprinkler car has been taken out of service to further conserve the water for household purposes. It is expected that the rains today will greatly increase the water supply again. However, there is the constant danger of shortages the conditions here the past week or two not having been by any means what could be called droughty. The concensus of opinion seems to be that the city is up against the necessity of making a new connection for water supply, and of going to the Neuse river for it this time, Walnut Creek being believed too dwindled in its normal supply to a point below the safe requirements of the rapidly growing Capital City. In this connection there are heard insistent assertions that there should be municipal ownership in connection with this change. The Wake Water Co. now holds the franchise for furnishing the city's water supply.

Famous Painter Dead.

London, Eng., Aug. 1.—Edwin A. Abbey, the famous painter, died here today at his residence in this city.

Ambassadors Bryce and Jusserand Are E[illegible]pected to Leave Washington



The conclusion of negotiations for treaties of arbitration between the United States and two of the powers will also bring to an end the terms of diplomatic service of their ambassadors now at Washington. James Bryce, the British ambassador, will perform his last act of official importance in signing the Anglo-American arbitration treaty, so also will M. Jusserand, the French envoy. The pending negotiations have been solely responsible for the unusually long retention of M. Jusserand at Washington, based upon the average service of French diplomats, while the treaty's intricacies interested Mr. Bryce so strongly that he voluntarily gave up his intention of resigning last January. It is believed to be the intention of the French government to utilize M. Jusserand's experience in arbitration negotiations toward an arbitration treaty on the lines of the Anglo-French-American one between France and England and France and Germany.

AUTHORITIES WILL INVESTIGATE RECENT ACCIDENTS

Raleigh, Aug. 1.—The Cranbury Iron Mine Co. reports to the State department of Labor and Printing a fatal accident in which Ralph Young was killed by one of the mine cars running him down while he was standing on the track. The mine authorities claim that his own negligence caused his death. Commissioner of Labor and Printing Shipman made a personal inspection of another fatal accident that occurred recently. The department will take steps to verify the company's report of the circumstances of the killing just reported.

ARBITRATION TREATY TO BE SIGNED FRIDAY

Washington City, Aug. 1.—It was announced today that the arbitration treaty between the United States, England and Frances will be signed Thursday at the White House at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Another announcement coming from the White House today is that the cabinet considered the Haitien situation. No decision in the Wiley case was made public today.

The House continued the debate on the cotton bill this morning, but later took up consideration of the wool bi and conferees were appointed to consider the last named bill in conference with the Senate. In the Senate today the Farmers' Free List bill was the subject of consideration and discussion.

Library Closed For Inventory.

The public library will be closed today and tomorrow for the annual inventory. Open as usual Thursday, Aug. 3, at 10 a. m.

FREE LIST BILL PASSED BY SENATE THIS AFTERNOON

After Being Defeated it Went Through 48 to 39.

Washington, Aug. 1.—After defeating the Free List bill once it was reconsidered, amended and passed by a vote of 48 to 39 in the Senate this afternoon.

When the bill first came up it was defeated. Senator Bailey was the only Democrat who voted against the measure, this causing its defeat. Senator LaFollette then secured its reconsideration and it was amended and passed by a good majority.

The House this afternoon appointed conferees on the campaign publicity bill, after having rejected the Senate amendment. It will now go to conference.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE DURING JULY

During July deeds were recorded in the office of the register of deeds, transferring property valued at $143,630. When it is remembered that usually July is one of the dull months in real estate circles this amount is quite encouraging. About a couple of hundred pieces of property changed hands.

In addition to recording deeds Register Rankin's force was kept busy recording and cancelling mortgages, revising the jury list and attending to numerous details too numerous to mention. However, the work has been so systematized that the work is kept up and one never has to wait many days for a paper to be recorded.

THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

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Subscribers desiring the address of their paper changed will please give both the old and the new addresses.

The Telegram does not accept whisky, beer or objectionable advertising.

The Telegram makes a nominal charge for Cards of Thanks, Resolutions of Respect and formal Lodge Notices.

BRINGING THE PRODUCER AND CONSUMER TOGETHER.

Recently, B. F. Yoakum, President of the Rock Island Railroad, quoted figures to prove that for each dollar the resident of a city pays for the products of the farm only 46 cents goes to the farmer. The remaining 54 cents is lost to the farmer and the consumer in the process of marketing. In other words, it costs more to market the products of the farm than the portion the producer receives for what he sells. Because of this fact Des Moines, Iowa, one of the most progressive cities of the country, is trying a plan for bringing the producers and the consumers closer together, for their mutual benefit, or in order that the farmers may be able to realize more for their products and the city people may secure many of the necessities of life at lower prices than they have been paying. The process is that of the elimination of the middle man, a movement of which we hear much in business nowadays, and a trend in the modern business system which is roundly condemned by many.

The way in which Des Moines is attempting a solution of the high cost of living problem is interesting. It is being done through a market house system, but a market house with new features. The market house is not new in any section of the country and there are market houses in most Southern cities of any size, but the market house under the old system is a place where the middle man plays a large part in the buying and selling of produce and other foodstuffs, and the market house plan evolved in Des Moines eliminates the middle man. An exchange says of the Des Moines plan:

"Des Moines has established a municipal market where farmers and other producers of food can sell direct to citizens. Thus far, it is reported, the results have justified the experiment. The city people are getting food cheaper, while the farmers are getting more for what they sell.

"Des Moines has established municipal markets where the man who produces food can meet the man who wants to buy it for his family and avoid two commissions and a lot of drayage. It is reported that both farmer and consumer are profiting. The consumer is getting his new potatoes for $1.75 a bushel, instead of paying $4 at the corner grocery.

"This plan may continue to satisfy the people of Des Moines. But sooner or later the market people may get together and agree upon higher prices. The city of Baltimore owns all the markets and some of the stalls in the markets are rented by market gardeners and farmers, but as a reult the prices of foodstuffs purchased from sumer are brought face to face. But the prices in these stalls are little or no lower than in the others. In all the stalls there is a surprising uniformity of prices.

"One trouble is that the trade in provisions is so greatly divided that none of the smaller green grocers or meat stores can make a living except by a large per cent of profit. After a little while, perhaps, the city of Des Moines may find the problem it has undertaken to solve less simple than it looks. But it is worth studying and worth solving, and a way may be found to solve it."

It will be noted that the Des Moines plan differs from the usual plan for conducting a city market in that it provides a place where the man who produces the foodstuffs may sell them direct to consumers. The plan of having the city own the market houses is not new, as that has been the custom in many cities for years, but ordinarily the stalls in the markets are rented to retailers who buy either from the producers direct or from wholesalers and sell again to the consumers.

The Des Moines plan of marketing farm products is common in most Southern cities in a modified form. That is the marketing of farm products from wagons direct to consumers by the country people. This plan prevails to a large extent in most of the cities and towns of the South. In this way many people probably save some money on farmers, but as a rule the prices of farm wagons are about as high as the prices charged in the markets and stores. This is a case where the farmer gets the full value of his products, but the consumer does not, as a rule, buy at much lower prices.

The Des Moines plan will be watched with interest because it is an innovation and because it is said to be a practical plan for reducing the cost of farm products and foodstuffs to the consumer. The cost of living problem is the most important the average man or woman has to face nowadays, and any plan which will lower it will be received by the masses with great satisfaction.

Good afternoon! How do you like the evening Telegram?

It is somewhat strange that war clouds should do so much hovering in Europe, where most of the peace conferences are held.

Both of the great political parties of the country next year will consign to the scrap pile much of what now appears to be fine Presidential timber.

The extra session of Congress has been extraordinary because of the Democratic harmony which has existed. There is every reason to believe that the Democrats are getting in the proper attitude to stick together and elect a President next year.

The Reciprocity question has been settled in the United States but it is now up to Canada. No doubt the "insurgents" and Senator Simmonses and Senator Baileys of that country will oppose adoption of the reciprocal treaty with as much vigor as their cousins across the border in this country exhibited.

The water famine is getting top of column on the front pages of the Charlotte newspapers. This is not surprising, however, as a water famine is a serious matter in a city like Charlootte, where most of the people drink water and use it for many other purposes. In fact, a water famine is a serious matter anywhere—even in Kentucky—they use it there for bathing purposes.

The evening Telegram is being received with more enthusiasm than any newspaper issued in Greensboro in years. It seems that the change to the afternoon field was made at the right time. The people were waiting for an afternoon paper such as we expect to give them, and the hearty reception of the first issue is an indication, we believe, of great promise for the future.

The Telegram trusts that its readers and the public generally will not pass strict criticism upon the afternoon paper until the business has been fully adjusted to the new order. While the first issue of the afternoon Telegram has been highly praised, we assure the public that the paper will be greatly improved within a few days and the service in every particular will be much better than it can be made during the first few days after the change.

FOR HOUSEKEEPERS

Tar stains should be well rubbed with oil before washing.

After baking a cake leave it in the tin for five minutes before turning out.

To polish patent leather, use a mixture of one pint of turpentine with three parts of sweet oil.

When seasoning soup use whole pepper and spices, putting them in after it has boiled up.

To preserve gum arabic add a few drops of oil of cloves to it, and it will keepkeep perfectly sweet.

Iron pillowslips lengthwise instead of crosswise if you wish to iron the wrinkles out instead of in.

When hashing cold meat add a little chopped parsley. It will improve both the taste and appearance.

Select lamp wicks which are soft and loosely woven: they will burn far better than the others.

Dry your duster before polishing your furniture, and you will then have no smears left behind.

Rice and other milk puddings must cook very slowly to be good. It is only in this way that the starch grains have time to swell and thicken the milk thoroughly.

BUSINESS TELEGRAMS

If you want Greensboro to have the leading afternoon newspaper in the State get behind The Telegram and help push it along. That is what we expect to make of this paper, provided the people of the city want that kind of afternoon paper and will support it. Support is the only thing necessary to make The Telegram a credit to the city and a valuable adjunct to the onward and upward movement here. The Telegram either has or can get everything in equipment necessary to the publication of the best afternoon paper in the State.

In addition to that we must have business. The business is here. The city is able to sustain a newspaper in the afternoon field on this basis. The proposition is up to the business men and citizens of Greensboro. It is a business proposition.

The Telegram does not propose to seek a dollar's worth of business in or out of Greensboro on any but a business basis We are not asking for charity, and would emphatically refuse to accept it if offered.

The Telegram goes before the public asking for business purely on business grounds.

The man who pays his money for The Telegram secures one hundred cents worth of value for every dollar paid as.

The man who pays his money for advertising at the rates this paper charges will secure the greatest advertising value for the money to be had in the city.

The Telegram is out for business, but on a business-like basis. You can and will do business with this newspaper if you are a live business man.

Don't Venture Too Far

(By CARA REESE.)

Do not venture too far or some bright day you will find that the harder you swim for shore the further out to sea you get.

There has been many a frantic struggle for shore and the most strenuous efforts toward reaching land, and yet with all there was no progress made only further and further out to sea. It takes a life line and a rescue corps to land you on the beach after you have gone too far; be careful.

Sometimes the life line and rescue corps get there too late for service. You are out at sea then for sure. This is one of the mystifying experiences of existence—namely, the harder and more determined the struggle for dear life the further one is carried away. Every atom of courage, of muscular strength, of powers and will power are put forth by the intrepid swimmer, but never an inch of progress made. Wider and wider grows the watery waste between the one who struggles and the distant coast line.

You went too far in the first place. Or perhaps an unkind fate has tossed you adrift on the face of the ocean. At any rate it is a case of struggle and apparently unavailing effort, for, the harder you try the further away from safety and a solid footing. This struggle keeps up through life for many. The wise ones who realize the hopelessness of their attempt turn on their backs and float while waiting for some helpful agency to relieve and rescue, or until the time comes to furnish a bite for Davy Jones' locker.

Turn on your back, keep nose and mouth above water and arms motionless by your side. Float where the waves carry you. Try this method for a while when tired of beating your energy against the unavailing. There is a chance of survival for awhile at least, and not a spent limp reed knocked out before your time comes. Keep cool and float.

Ah, there are many who are beating against the surf struggling for the coast line of success, of wealth, of learning, of happiness, but the harder they swim for the coveted shore the further and further away they get. They went too far in the first place in their careless, heedless, willful ways. When they realize the emptiness of the waste before them they turn their faces toward the shore line, they seek attainment, they seek the learning, they seek the affection which they early spurned. Alas! the harder they struggle toward the stronghold the further and further out to sea they get. It is awful to venture too far in obstinacy, self-will and disregard of thewarnings of friends. Some shore lines may never again become a stamping ground.

When you have a safe, good foooting then do not venture too far away; the worst that can happen is to swim for dear life to get back and yet be carried further out to sea.

The pessimist rejoices in the fact that if it wasn't for the rain there wouldn't be any hay to make when the sun shines.

"The early bird gets the worm," quoted the Wise Guy.

"Yes, but he has to stay up all night to do it," added the Simple Mug.

Nell—Maude will never make a pianist. I wonder why she continues to take lessons?

Belle—Oh, just to kill time.

EARLY RISING

(By MARGARET E. SANGSTER.)

I have long been convinced that most American women go to bed too late and rise too early. The fetich of early rising is worshiped by thousands thoughtlessly. Why is there any special merit in rising early unless one's work makes it necessary?

Thousands and tens of thousands are compelled by the exacting demands of strenuous labor to rise with the dawn or before it. When duty calls, this is right but there is no merit in getting up early simply for the sake of doing so, nor should the one early riser in the house compel every one else to bow to her will.

Breakfast in bed is a luxury which should be committed to old people, invalids, and all who better find that they can undertake the day's work if breakfast comes first.

When a woman finds herself becoming irritable, fretful and peevish, although her average of health has not been apparently impaired, she may be sure that nature is bidding her call a halt. It is time to go more slowly. Probably she is not getting all the sleep she needs. Beauty sleep comes before midnight. Those who habitually burn the midnight oil need not expect to retain good looks and nerves in equipoise until their latest day.

Yet health is every woman's birthright. Not one of us has a right to go about the world in suffering and nervous distress if we can help it, and if we may be sure that somewhere that there has been mistake or sin. To control the expression of nervous irritability is within the power of every woman. When annoyed, we may keep perfectly quiet; when we find our voices beginning to get loud and our tones overemphatic, we may as well stop and think. The habit of talking in italics is a vicious one in which no sensible woman should indulge.

In order to facilitate ease of mind too much should not be left to memory.

Nervous people, and particularly nervous women, should save themselves every particle of unnecessary trouble and strain.

Do not try, for instance, to remember all that you have to do during the week. Enter on the daily calendar the engagements for each day, and when the day comes, look at the record and check off whatever you find you cannot undertake.

In shopping, provide yourself with full memoranda of what you want, and the order in which you intend to make purchases.

Classified lists will very greatly assist memory. An address book is a convenience to a woman who has either a large correspondence or a number of friends who reside in different places or are scattered about in different localities of the city or suburbs. The address book should be carefully revised from year to year, because Americans are nomadic and do not reside for long periods in the same place.

Sense in Short Sentences

Nature is divinely serene. She has the most beautiful of all faces and yet she never looks in the glass, and her utter lack of vanity, her complete ignorance of self-consciousness, are her most magical charms.

An excess of one quality is always bought at the expense of another.

Nothing bursts forth all at once.

He that goes about to persuade a multitude that they are not so well governed as they ought to be, shall never want attentive and favorable hearers.

The years write their records on men's hearts as they do on trees—inner circles of growth which no eye can see.

There is a duty of pleasure as well as a pleasure of duty.

A good turn in the kichen is as good as a prayer in the chapel.

Saving is only a habit, like any other; like smoking or drinking. or going to football matches, or buying newspapers.

SLAY WITH HEAVY SLUGS.

Assassins Use Two Double-Barreled Guns at Once on Victim.

New York, Aug. 1.—A battery of two double-barreled shotguns, from all four barrels of which 16 heavy lead slugs were fired simultaneously, is believed by detectives to have been the trap which assassins of Bartholdi Cardinal, aged 32, worked from the window of a vacant East Side house early today. The young man was hit in the neck and instantly killed while sitting at his window on the second floor, directly opposite the vacant house. Two slugs were found imbedded in the wall near where Mrs. Cardinal sat, but she was unhurt.

The discovery of two discharged shot guns in the vacant house today, footprints on the dust-covered carpet and the fact that Cardinal's brother was assassinated three years ago, are the principal clews.

UNITED STATES TO HAVE LARGEST FLEET OF WAR AIRSHIPS

Government to Spend Large Sum for Twenty Aeroplanes--Fighting of Future Will Occur in Air and Uncle Sam is Going to Prepare for Future Conditions.

Special to Telegram.

(By RODERICK CLIFFORD.)

Washington, Aug. 1.—Within another year the United States will take the lead in aerial defense among the nations of the world. There is now in the military budget for the next appropriation bill an item for $125,000 with which to purchase twenty or more heavier-than-air machines, and with the fleet this country will be in a more formidable position, so far as the air is concerned, than any nation in the world.

Every modern military expert now agrees that much of the fighting of the future is to take place in the air. That is, war will be carried on above the earth, just as it is now carried on beneath the seas. That is why the United States army wants more aeroplanes, and more men trained to operate them.

Not only will the aeroplanes be valuable for scout and observation work, but they will be used to drop projectiles and explosives on hostile armies and ships of war. The fact is, the uses to which aeroplanes may be put are not fully calculated yet. It may be that they will revolutionize modern warfare.

However that may be, the army is preparing to keep ahead of the times if possible in the employment of airships for both offensive and defensive purposes. Congress will be asked to co-operate, and there is every reason to believe that the law makers will vote all the money needed.

Gen. James Allen, chief of the Army Signal Corps, is quoted as saying that within a year the army will have a fleet of twenty airships, manned by forty officers, giving the United States distinct lead in aeroplane strength. At the present rate of progress this prediction will undoubtedly be borne out, for the aviation work of the army is progressing by leaps and bounds.

Since April four aeroplanes have been purchased by the Signal Corps—two Wrights, one Burgess-Wright and one Curtiss machine. Two of these are now at College Park, Md., the airship school of the army; one is at San Antonio, Texas, supplanting the 1909 Wright model which has just been presepted to the National Museum; and one Burgess-Wright machine is now on it way to College Park.

It is a scarcity of airmen, and not aeroplanes that is bothering the army just now. The number of graduate aviators of the Signal Corps can still be counted on the fingers.

Officers are being trained fast and it is likely that the army will have from forty to fifty expert aviators by the time the appropriation for the purchase of more machines is available.

There is a shary bidding among the various aeroplane manufacturers for the government's business. Each manufacturer understands that it is a big recommendation for his factory to have the government as a patron. Therefore all the companies are working hard to get the government contracts.

The Wright company has the advantage in army circles. These brothers were the first successful flyers of this type of machine, and their demonstration tests at Fort Meyer two years ago have given them a position that is hard to compete with.

The Curtiss machine has a strong following in the Signal Corps became of the brilliant exploits of Curtiss and his aviators in the past, and on account of the results they have gained in their experiments with the hydro-aeroplane at Hammondsport, N. Y.

It has already been agreed among aviators that the hydro-aeroplane is more useful in the navy than in the army. Prof. A. F. Zaham, the aviation expert of this city, recently went to Hammondsport to watch the work of the hydro-aeroplane and was delighted with it. He insisted along with other experts, however, that this type of machine will do better work on naval vessels than on land.

The control system of the Burgess-Wright machiens has gained many advocates for it, and the prediction is made that in the end the army will purchase more machines of this type than any other. The work of Harry N. Atwood in his long flight from Boston to Washington, and his flights in this city with the Burgess-Wright machine, have been highly praised by the officers of the Signal Corpse.

It has developed, too, that the bidding for the government contract is not confined to the United States, but that the manufacturers in foreign countries are offering their products to this country, and are guaranteeing some remarkable results. The Farman concern of France, has announced its intention of establishing a manufacturing plant in the United States, and it will select a site somewhere on the Atlantic coast.

Singular as it may seem, the Signal Corps has not shown the slightest interest in the monoplane. There is no standard monoplane manufacturer in the United States, and, besides this type of machine is regarded as far less safe than the biplane.

The only real advantage which the monoplane has is that it develops more speed in most cases than the biplane. It is more dangerous of operation and has therefore been left out of the calculations of the army.

Inasmuch as there has been no real war since the flying machine has been made a perfect product the actual use of it in war has not been demonstrated. Yet the military experts are convinced that this weapon will be an important element in the fighting of the future. The machines are capable of great altitude and speed, and that fact makes them a difficult target.

Thirty Years Together.

Thirty years of association—think of it. How the merit of a good thing stands out in that time—or the worthlessness of a bad one. So there's no guess work in this evidence of Thos. Ariss, Concord, Mich., who writes: "I have used Dr. King's New Discovery for 30 years, and its the best cough and cold cure I ever used." Once it finds entrance in a home you can't pry it out. Many families have used it for forty years. It's the most infallible throat and lung medicine on earth. Unequaled for lagrippe, asthma, hay fever, croup, quinsy or sore lungs. Price 50c, $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

It's all right to pay a man back in his own coin, but it is better not to borrow in the first place.

Attack Like Tigers.

In fighting to keep the blood pure the white corpuscles attack disease germs like tigers. But often germs multiply so fast the little fighters are overcome. Then see pimples, boils, eczema, saltrheum and sores multiply and strength and appetite fail. This condition demands Electric Bitters to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to expel poisons from the blood. "They are the best blood purifier," writes C. T. Budahn, of Tracy, Calif., "I have ever found." They make rich, red blood, strong nerves and build up your health. Try them. 50c at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

Some fellows seem to think they can't have any fun without a headache afterward.

Hay Fever, Asthma and Summer Colds Must be relieved quickly and Foley's Honey and Tar Compound will do it. E. M. Stewart, 1034 Wolfram St., Chicago, writes: "I have been greatly troubled during the hot summer months with Hay Fever and find that by using Foley's Honey and Tar Compound I get great relief." Many others who suffer similarly will be glad to benefit by Mr. Stewart's experience. Howard Gardner.

It is better to have a falling out with a girl in a hammock than one in an airship.

Many a Suffering Woman

Drags herself painfully through her daily tasks, suffering from backache, headache, nervousness, loss of appetite and poor sleep, not knowing her ills are due to kidney and bladder troubles. Foley Kidney Pills give quick relief from pain and misery and a prompt return to health and strength. No woman who so suffers can afford to overlook Foley Kidney Pills. Howard Gardner.

The young wife's version: "Laugh, and the world laughs with you; weep and you get what you want."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

FLOWERS FOR FUNERALS

When you want something extra nice, something "different," call on us. Our expert designers will get it up for you.

J. Van Lindley Nursery Company
115 S. Elm Street
Phone 329.

We are prepared to do any kind of Hauling—Freight, Household Goods, Office Furniture, Safes, Pianos, Wood, Stone, Lumber, Brick—anything.

Phone No. 8
When you want anything moved.

Cunningham Bros.
Coal---Wood

You will find nine artists at
The Hotel Guilford Barber Shop
C. W. EDWARDS, Prop.

There is
BEAUTY, DURABILITY and SATISFACTION
in every monument made by
Englehart Granite and Marble Works
Our specialty
WINNSBORO BLUE GRANITE.
Phone 281.

FOR GOOD BRICK
See
LIBERTY BRICK CO.
Liberty, N. C.

CLEANLY WOMAN.

Erroneously Thinks by Scouring Her Scalp That She Cures Dandruff.

Cleanly woman has an erroneous idea that by scouring the scalp, which removes the dandruff scales, she is curing the dandruff. She may wash her scalp every day, and yet have dandruff her life long, accompanied by falling hair, too. The only way in the world to cure dandruff is to kill the dandruff germ, and there is no hair preparation that will do that but Newbro's Herpicide. Herpicide by killing the dandruff germ, leaves the hair free to grow as healthy Nature intended. Destroy the cause you remove the effect. Kill the dandruff germ with Herpicide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

One dollar bottles guaranteed.

Fariss-Klutz Drug Co., and Greensboro Drug Co., Special Agents.

VERY LOW RATES VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

$15.95—Greensboro to Monteagle and Sewanee, Tenn., and return account Monteagle Sunday School Institute. Dates of sale June 30, July 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, August 11, 12 and 18, 1911. Final limit September 5, 1911.

JUST Rheumacide IT CURES

Rheumatism and Blood Diseases

The cause of rheumatism is excess uric acid in the blood. To cure rheumatism this acid must be expelled from the system. Rheumatism is an internal disease and requires an internal remedy. Rubbing with oils and liniments may ease the pain, but they will no more cure rheumatism than paint will change the fiber of rotten wood.

Cures Rheumatism To Stay Cured.

Science has discovered a perfect and complete cure called Rheumacide. Tested in hundreds of cases, it has effected marvelous cures. Rheumacide removes the cause, gets at the joints from the inside, sweeps the poisons out of the system, tones up the stomach, regulates the bowels and kidneys. Sold by druggists at 50c. and $1; in the tablet form at 25c. and 50c., by mail. Boblbitt Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

Gets At The Joints From The Inside.

JUST Rheumacide IT CURES

For Sale by Howard Gardner, Druggist, Greensboro, N. C.

Freddy—So the widow Longgreen refused you?

Cholly—Yes; but she was very kind. She gave me a letter of recommendation to six other rich marriageable ladies.

75 PER CENT. OF THE BIG ADVERTISERS OF AMERICA PREFER

EVENING NEWSPAPERS

Out of 400 Large Department Stores 302 say they Prefer Evening Papers and Give Reasons Why

(FROM THE LOS ANGELES RECORD)

OUT of 400 letters sent to the large Department Stores of America asking which they considered a better medium for advertising, a morning or an evening daily newspaper, 392 replied. Of these replies 302 stated they preferred the evening newspaper for advertising; 26 stated they gave the evening paper first copy when they used an evening and a morning paper. As the Department Stores are always the largest advertisers in their respective cities and are in a position to see where the results come from, their opinions, formed from experience, are most valuable. They all speak most emphatically of the advantages of the evening paper over the morning paper for advertising. Of these 302 advertisers who prefer the evening paper a large number of them use the evening paper exclusively and find the returns most profitable.

THE following statements made by the different large firms of America show why they prefer the evening paper over the morning paper:

ST. LOUIS, MO.—The evening paper is best, as it is the one that gets into the homes and stays there. Men carry the morning paper downtown on their way to work in most cases.—Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—The evening paper undoubtedly is the best advertising medium, because it most surely gets into the very hands toward which all department store advertising is intended—the women of the house—and because then there is plenty of time to read, plan and digest.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb.

CHICAGO, ILL.—We spend $325,000 a year and 75 per cent of it is in the evening papers and 25 per cent in Sunday papers. Even with our great morning papers we cannot make them pay, though the experimenting has cost us $100,000.—Siegel, Cooper & Co.

EVANSVILLE, IND.—We prefer the evening paper for advertising because the housekeeper, business man and working man have more time to go through the paper in detail after the day's work is over and have time to plan their next day's shopping. Our experience is that we get quicker and more direct results from the evening paper.—Fowler, Dick & Walker.

BOSTON, MASS.—We consider the evening paper the best medium, because it is taken home and the women get to see it.—Henry Siegel Company.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.—We consider the evening newspaper better, because we cater to the working people, and they are employed from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. and their only leisure time is in the evening, and they invariably take only evening papers, and have more time to read advertisements.—Cline Bros.

ALBANY, N. Y.—We consider the evening newspaper a better medium for advertising, because women have more time and better opportunity to read the evening papers.—Waldman Bros.

AKRON, OHIO—We consider an evening paper a superior medium. The evening paper goes direct to the homes and is more thoroughly read. It is read by men after business duties are through for the day and they are more liable to remember the advertising. The morning paper is used by office men.—C. H. Leager & Co.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—We consider the evening paper the best advertising medium, as the average woman does not take time to read a paper until her work is done.—Ed Schuster & Co.

DETROIT, MICH.—We prefer the evening paper.—Partridge & Blackwell.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.—Best results from evening newspapers. The only time I use a morning paper is Sunday for Monday's business. Balance of the week the evening papers do the work to my entire satisfaction.—The Fair.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—We use afternoon papers exclusively during the week. Morning papers on Sunday only.—John C. Lewis Company.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—For advertisements containing items of special prominence likely to produce a rush, the evening newspaper serves as a better advertising medium, first, because people as a rule, have more time to read an evening paper thoroughly and note the contents thereof; second, it gives an opportunity to shoppers to select what items they contemplate purchasing and allows them time to prepare a program for the next day's shopping.—Burgen Dry Goods Company.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—We prefer the evening paper week days and the morning paper Sundays only, because the evening paper is brought to the home by the member of the family who goes to business and buys and reads the paper on his way home. The Sunday paper is delivered at the home and read in the home.—Price & Rosenbaum.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—We consider the evening paper the better medium for advertising, mainly because the evening paper goes into the home and stays there when there is time for the whole family to read and consider.—Frederick Losser & Co.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—We have always given the evening paper the preference. We spend $40,000 a year for advertising and this all goes into newspapers. We use no other medium of any kind, as we consider ANYTHING OUTSIDE OF THE NEWSPAPER as money wasted.—W. H. Elsinger & Co.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—We consider the evening paper better as a general thing, for it is usually the home paper.—Callendar, McAuslin — Troup Co.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.—The evening paper is, in our opinion, most profitable for advertising.—The Wm. H. Block Company.

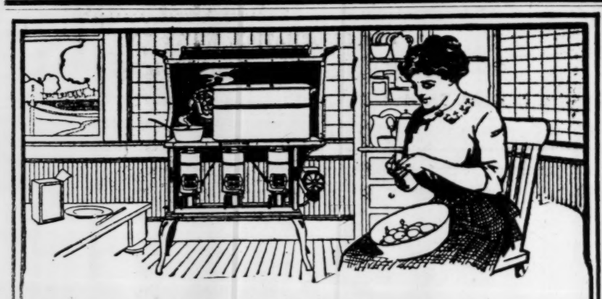
BUFFALO, N. Y,—We do most of our advertising in the evening paper.—Wm. Henerer Co.

BOSTON, MASS.—We prefer the evening paper by all means, because it goes into the homes directly, while the morning paper has a tendency to work back into the business section and does not reach the homes in such relative number as the evening paper.—Houghton & Dutton.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—Where I've been, almost without exception, the evening paper is the best medium.—W. H. Milligan, Advertising Manager Field, Schlick & Co.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.—The evening paper by all means.—The Bailey Company.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—It is our opinion that the evening paper is better, as the shopper is prepared to sally forth the next morning.—Penny & Gentles.



The Modern Wash-day

Time was when The Wash was a weekly nightmare, wash-day dinner a by-word.

The New Perfection Oil Cook-stove has changed all that. Once the wash-boiler is on the stove, it leaves you free to attend to the dinner or any other work.

You can move a New Perfection where you please and light it in a moment. It requires no attention after that. A single gallon of oil lasts all three burners seven hours or more. No coal or wood to carry; no fire to feed; no soot nor ashes. It keeps a kitchen or laundry cool and clean. It cooks to perfection, with the least trouble and expense.

New Perfection WICK BLUE FLAME Oil Cook-stove

Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners, with long, turquoise blue enameled chimneys. Handsomely finished throughout. The 2- and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without a cabinet top, which is fitted with drop shelves, towel racks, etc.

Dealers everywhere; or write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)

Accidents Will Happen

And when they do—they hurt. HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL is the one instantaneous relief and cure for all wounds, bruises, sores, cuts, sprains and abrasions of the skin. It forms an artificial skin covering, excludes the air instantly, stops pain at once. There are many oils, but none like HUNT'S. The action is different, and the effect as well.

. . . HUNT'S . . .
LIGHTNING OIL

Always have it in the house. Take it with you when you travel—you never can tell when HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL may be most needed. 25cts and 50cts bottles.

A. B. RICHARDS MEDICINE CO., Sherman, Texas.

For sale by Grissom Drug Co.

Photographing the Sea Bottom.

In France experiments have been made that promise considerable success in submarine photography. A specially constructed camera was carried down by a diver to a depth of twenty-two or twenty-three feet, and, with an exposure of half an hour, negatives were obtained which were fairly satisfactory.

It was found that the best results were obtained by placing a blue glass in front of the lens. It is intended to have improved lenses specially constructed for underwater work in France.

Flashlight photographs of the sea bottom during a storm have been obtained. This light was furnished by an alcohol lamp fed by a reservoir of oxygen. Magnesium powder was projected into the flame through a tube from the shore. It is thought that such flashlight photographs may be made at any depth to which a diver may descend.—Harper's Weekly.

RECORD OF HUNDRED YEARS OF TROUBLE

History Does Not Record Names of all Rulers or History of all Revolutions in Haiti's Century of Effort at Self Government—Some History of the Island Not Commonly Known.

Port au Prince, Haiti, Aug. 1.—From Legitime to Simon is only a generation. In that time, counting Legitime and Simon, Haiti has had five Presidents. One of them only retained office without being driven out by force. This was Hyppolyte. Simon holds on yet, but the forces are hammering on his walls. If he succeeds in quelling them he will be the first President of the Black Republic who has survived a revolution as President.

This may be called a country of perpetual revolt against the Government head. Five Presidents in 20 years are not many, but they seem a goodly number when it is answered that it took five revolutions of a general character and several minor revolts to establish and disestablish each one of them. Yet Haiti is a peaceful country compared with what it used to be, though no one here would venture the prediction that it is settling down or that future turmoils may not outdo in violence or frequency any that has gone before.

The sanguinary record is a long one. The republic is 107 years old, with a few intervening years when it was degenerated into a monarchy under a king, and again into an avowed despotism under a self-styled emperor.

New Ruler Nearly Every Year.

Since its start as an independent State in 1804 it has had a new ruler every year or two, with a few notable exceptions, when a more than usually mighty tyrant succeeded by sheer dominion in keeping himself at the head of affairs for the best part of a decade. There were three or four instances of this kind when Haiti was not actually in open revolt, though, to judge from the chronicles, at the boiling point all the time, as immediate and successful revolution came through the first opening.

In that 107 years no one can count precisely the number of Presidents that have held the chair. Immediately after the separation from Santo Domingo in 1884, which left the negroes virtually in sole possession of the western end of the island, there were so many revolutions and so many Presidents in succession that history fails to record them.

It is a striking fact that beginning with Toussaint l'Ouverture, who proclaimed a constitutional government in 1803, every ruler of the country, except the one notable case of Hyppolyte, who dropped from his horse dead in the streets, was either forced to flee into exile, submit to being made a prisoner, or when he did not remain to die a violent death.

This is as authentic a record as can readily be compiled of the rulers, provisional or otherwise, or heads of affairs, who are accorded a place by the histroians or chroniclers with the year each came into power:

Toussaint l'Auverture, 1803.
Jean Jacques Dessalines, 1804.
Henri Christophe, 1806.
Alexandre Sabes Petion, 1806.
Henri Christophe, 1810.
Jean Pierre Boyer, 1818.
Soulouque, 1849.
Fabre Geffrard, 1858.
Sylvestre Salnave, 1869.
Nissage Saget, 1870.
Dominique, 1874.
Boisrond Canal, 1876.
Salomon, 1886.
Legitime, 1888.
Hippolyte, 1888.
Tiresias Simon Sam, 1896.
Nord Alexis, 1902.
Antoine Simon, 1908.

Partial Records of Presidents.

Probably the form of government has much to do with the never-ending wars. Each of those Governors, Presidents, Kings, Emperors, by whatever title he was not known, had revolution surging in his dominions while he held on and each in turn went the way of his predecessor, his only choice being the choice of routes.

As it is now, the Government is presumably established under the constitution of 1889, which provides for a President, with more or less autocriatic power and two legislative chambers, whose members are elected. The government is a republic in form and French in origin, but in reality it is a military despotism.

The Form of Government.

It is divided into five departments, each department governed by a general in the army. This gives an opportunity to a dissatisfied, ambitious or patriotic commandant of a peratment to bear a revolutioon and in case there is another commandant or two of like mind to his, the capture is only a matter of conquering marches and a final assault or capitulation at the capital. This is the way Simon came in as Nord Alexis had done before him. Nord Alexis fled into exile, as Simon Sam, whom Nord Alexis succeeded, had done.

One who served as a diplomat from a foreign country in Port au Prince said this of Haiti: "It has everything a civilized nation should possess, but corruption spreads through every branch of government. Justice is venal and the police brutal and inefficient. Since 1869 the Catholic has been the state religion, but all classes of society seem to be permeated with a thinly disguised adherence to the horrid rites of voodoo, although this has been strenuously denied."

Of the people the same commentator said this:

"After a century of independence and self-government the Hatien people have made no progress, if they have not actually shown signs of retrogression."

Haiti began her history with the discovery by Columbus, who landed from Cuba at Mole St. Nicholas December 6, 1492. In 1512 the importation of slaves from Africa began, and it is the descendants of these slaves and others who came after them in the centuries following who are the people of Haiti today. They are pure-blood negroes, black as ebony. About 10 per cent of the population is mulatto, and they are looked down upon as inferiors by the blacks.

History Written in Lives of Leaders.

Education is free, and the natives are fairly well schooled. Some of the advanced ones are accomplished and scholarly, knowing history, speaking several languages, and capable of making laws and obeying them. The language of the republic is French.

The history of the country is written in the careers of the leaders, whose names are given in the list. It takes little space to tell it. L'Ouverture, who proclaimed a constitutional government subject to the approval of France, which had ceded sovereignty from Spain, was frowned upon by Bonaparte, then first consul, who sent his brother-in-law, General Leclerc, with 25,000 troops to govern the island, and, it is said, with the intention of restoring slavery, which had been abolished several years before. Leclerc met a fierce resistance and he proposed terms to l'Ouverture, who laid down his arms on solemn promises from the French. He was then seized and sent to France, where he died in prison a year later.

The blacks were so infuriated at the act of treachery that they renewed the struggle under Jean Jacques Dessalines and with astonishing vigor and barbarity. The French were furthr embarrassed by the appearance of a British fleet and were glad to evacuate the island. Since then the blacks have had things all their own way.

Dessalines was made Governor for life but in 1805 he proclaimed himself emperor, and in 1806 his subjects assassinated him.

Christophe proclaimed himself King of Haiti in 1810, and by continued aggression reigned for eight years, when he was overcome by rebel forces and he committed suicide.

Boyer Proclaims the Republic.

Gen. Jean Pierre Boyer came next and the eastern end of the island having proclaimed its independence of Spain he invaded it, and the dominion of the whole island fell into his hands. The new government was called the Republic of Haiti, and he held the Presidency for more than 20 years. In 1843 a rebellion started, and he was driven into exile, and the next year Santo Domingo reestablished her independence of the Haitians. Then there was a period of disorder, revolution upon revolution, and President after President, until Soulouque came in 1849, and obtaining the Presidency by restoring order out of chaos he proclaimed himself Emperor, under the title of Faustian I.

After a reign of nine years he was de-

(Continued on Page Seven.)

The Greensboro Telegram

Contains Daily

More LOCAL NEWS than any other Greensboro Paper.

All the important FOREIGN NEWS—Leased Wire Service

Delivered anywhere in Greensboro or vicinity by carrier for ten cents per week—Five Dollars a Year.

Sent by mail to any address.

Phone 59 Tell the Carrier
or Send a Postal Card for

The Greensboro Telegram

Want Ad Department

Want Ads are the Connecting Link between Buyer and Seller, and When Printed in The Telegram they Get Results.

SPECIAL WANT AD OPPORTUNITY

To give everybody a chance to test the pulling power of Telegram Want Ads this offer is made, good for ONE MONTH, or until September 1st:

Three Insertions of Want Ads for the price of Two Insertions.

Bring on your copy and give Telegram Want Ads an opportunity to "make good."

Regular rate for Want Ads is One Cent per Word for Each Insertion. Everybody gets 'em for ONE MONTH on the basis of Three Insertions for the Price of Two.

MALE HELP.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN OR LADY to collect spare time only. Call for Mr. Suiter, Huffine Hotel. 1t*

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN THE Cotton business in our Sample rooms; two weeks to complete course; high salaried positions secured. Charlotte Cotton School, Charlotte, N. C. 5-18-Thurs.-Sun.-Tues.-tf.

WANTED—ABOUT SIX RELIABLE men, experience unecessary, to solcit industrial insurance in Greensboro; liberal contracts to sell and a money maker for the man who can get results. Address Box 17, City. July 30, 3t*

WANTED—MEN TO TAKE A THIRTY days Practical course in our Machine Shops, learn the Automobile business and accept good positions. Charlotte Auto School, Charlotte, N. C. 5-18 Thurs.-Sun.-Tues.-tf.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

AUCTION IN SOUTH GREENSBORO, Wednesday, Aug. 2, 2 p. m. House and lot on East Bragg street near Asheboro and graded school. One residential vacant lot on Martin street near Yaquina street. 4-room house and large lot. Good well of water, also feed barn and other out-houses. Large vacant lot adjoining the above property. Highly elevated, a splendid site for a dwelling. One large lot with a splendid 6-room house, all in first class condition. All of the above property will go absolutely to the highest bidder on day of sale. Free car tickets and hacks will be furnished the public. Hacks will leave Court Square at 1:30 p. m. Piedmont Realty & Auction Co., 330 South Elm street. 8-1-1t*

OH YOU NORFOLK EXCURSION Aug. 2. Meet me at the beach. July 30, 3t.

TOMORROW ONLY I WILL DEMONstrate the new way to wash clothes without rubbing or boiling; by all means you should not miss this demonstration. Bring your collars, cuffs and shirts, and I will wash them while you wait. Do not forget the place. Gardner's, the Druggist. 8-31-1t*

SOUTHERN'S ANNUAL EXCURSION to Norfolk leaves 7:00 p. m. Aug. 2. July 30, 3t.

THERE IS A TIME FOR EVERYthing. This is the time to order your winter coal. Don't delay. The Greensboro Ice & Coal Co. July 30, tf.

DON'T FORGET THE BIG EXCURsion to Norfolk Aug 2. July 30, 3t.

58—THAT'S OUR NUMBER—CALL us up and talk over the coal situation. Orders taken now for fall delivery. Prices at the bottom. The Greensboro Ice & Coal Co. July 30, tf.

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED SECOND FLOOR FOR housekeeping, every convenience; small family or college students. 919 Carr street. 7-31-3t.

TWO NICE FURNISHED ROOMS FOR rent, with or without board; terms reasonable. Apply 516 Morehead avenue. 7-30-3t

FOR RENT—FLAT ON WALKER avenue, and 7-room house on Chestnut street. H. T. Ham. 7-29-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT; MUST be sold in a few days; anyone interested will call at 601 Lee street on W. M. McCauley. 7-29-6t*

FOR SALE—NEW COLUMBUS TRAP; two seats, rubber tires, latest model. H. J. Thurman, 'Phone 122. 7-26-6t

EVERYBODY IS GOING TO NORFOLK on that annual excursion August 2. July 30, 3t.

NOTICE OF SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a deed of trust executed to A. Wayland Cooke, Trustee, on the 12th day of February, 1909, by William Smith and his wife Cora Smith to secure the sum of four hundred and seventy-five and no-100 ($475.00) dollars, same being recorded in Book 207, page 241, of the Records of Guilford County, and default being made in the payment of the said debt and in the conditions of the said Deed of Trust, whereby the power of sale became operative, the undersigned will on the 12th day of August, 1911, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House door in Greensboro, North Carolina, sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate:

That tract of land lying and being in Gilmer Township, Guilford County, State of North Carolina, and more particularly described as follows:

In the City of Greensboro, adjoining the land of Calvin Gorrell and others and, beginning at a stake on Macon street (formerly known as Maple street), running thence North, sixty-three (63) feet to Calvin Gorrell's corner; thence east one hundred and thirty-two and one-half (132 and 1-2) feet; thence south sixty-three (63) feet; thence west one hundred and thiry-two and one-half (132 and 1-2) feet to said street, the beginning.

This the 6th day of July, 1911.

A. WAYLAND COOKE, Trustee.

July 11, 26t.

Suburban Residence With Acre Lot FOR SALE

Situated on the electric car line between the State Normal College and Lindley Park, a splendid seven-room residence, good as new. Lot 142 feet by 331 feet. Well improved with fruit, berries, grapes and garden. An ideal suburban home. For sale at a bargain.

Southern Real Estate Co.

Greensboro, N. C.

112 E. Market. Phone 829.

CHEAP FOR CASH!

5-room cottage, lot 70x120 feet, on North Green street.

3-room cottage, lot 200x200 feet, on Battle Ground road, in city.

BROWN

Real Estate Comp'y.

109 E. Market St.

For Sale

Stovewood, split or in blocks, delivered at $1 per load. Order trial load and see how much good wood you get. Cord wood all kinds at $3 per cord. W. F. Clarida, 'Phone 1404.

Low Round Trip Rates To Wilmington, N. C., and Return Via Southern Railway Account Reunion N. C. Confederate Veterans, August 2-3, 1911.

Southern Railway announces extremely low rates of $3.85 from Greensboro to Wilmington, N. C., and return account of Reunion North Carolina United Confederate Veterans.

Tickets on sale July 31, and August 1 and 2, with final limit August 6, 1911.

For further information see nearest agent or address W. H. McGlamery, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Greensboro, N. C.

Special Train to Wilmington, N. C., Tuesday August 1st, 1911, for Accommodation of Confederate Veterans.

For the ecommodation of Confederate Veterans and others going to Wilmington for the Confederate Veterans' Reunion, the Southern Railway will operate a special train from Charlotte to Wilmington via Greensboro and Sanford, on Tuesday, August 1st. This train will leave Charlotte at 8:00 a. m. and should pass Greensboro about 11:20 a. m., arriving Wilmington the same afternoon.

As already announced the low rate of $3.85 will apply from Greensboro ta Wilmington and return for this occasion. These tickets on sale July 31st and August 1st and 2nd, with final limit August 6, 1911. Those taking advantage of this very low rate will return on regular trains at their own pleasure within the final limit of ticket.

For further information see Southern's nearest agent or write

R. H. DeBUTTS, Traveling Passenger Agent, Charlotte, N. C.

W. H. McGLAMERY, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Greensboro, N. C. 7-23-33t

DAILY MARKET REPORTS

GREENSBORO MARKETS

GREENSBORO PRODUCE MARKET.

Wholesale prices paid to farmers.

Corrected Daily by Proximity Mercantile Company.

All prices subject to fluctuations.

Fresh country butter, lb	.25
Fresh store butter, lb	.20
Fresh eggs, doz.	12½@.15
Grown hens, each	40@60
Fryers, each	15@.40
Irish potatoes, bu	$1.25@$1.50
Sweet potatoes, bu	2.00
Cabbage, lb	.04
Snap beans ,bu.	1.50
Cucumbers, bu	.75
Squash, bu.	.50
Onions, bu.	.75
Salad, bu.	.40
Turnips, doz. bunches	.40
Beets, doz.	.60
Apples, bu	1.00
Musk melons, doz.	30@.75
Watermelons, each	.8@30
Peaches, bu.	2.00
Shelled butter beans, qt.	12½
Green peas, qt.	10@12½
Country cured hams, lb	.16
Country cured shoulders, lb	.13
Country cured sides, lb	.12
Bees wax, lb	.26
Tallow lb	.05
Green beef hides, lb	.08
Dry beef hides, lb	12½
Green lamb hides, each	20@.30
Green sheep hides, each	15@25
Dried cherries, lb	.15
Dried apples, lb	.06
Dried blackberries, lb	.06
Green roasting ear corn, doz.	15@.18

GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.

Local Wholesale Prices, changed daily

Wheat, per bu	.85@90
Corn, per bu.	.92½
Oats, per bu	.60
Hay, No. 1, Timothy, per ton	$30.00
Hay, No. 2, Timothy, per ton	28.00
Bran, per ton	30.00
Shipstuff, per ton	33.00
Cotton Seed Meal, per ton	31.00

COTTON LETTER.

New York, Aug. 1.—The Journal of Commerce makes the condition to July 23 86.9 vs. 85.9 a month ago. All states are given an improvement with the exception of North Carolina and Oklahoma which shows a decline of .03, Mississippi 1.3 and Louisiana 5.6.

Miss Giles makes the condition 90.5 vs. 89 a month ago.

Liverpool showed a steadier tone and made a full response to our recovery yesterday. Spots 15 higher, sales 6,000. That market will be closed Saturday the 5th, and Monday the 7th.

Abilene, Texas, reports a destructive wind and hail storm.

Charlotte, N. C., says crops are burning up in that immediate section and 150 manufacturing plants have been forced to stop operations owing to lack of water. Heavy general rains occurred in the central states and Tennessee, and light general showers in the eastern states.

Oklahoma had good rains and a heavy precipitation is shown in the Abilene section of Texas but little rain occurred elsewhere in that state.

Indications are for clearing and cooler weather in the western states but continued unsettled rainy weather in the central and eastern belt.

The market advanced this morning on short covering on the unfavorable weather and better mill news. October selling to 1096 and showed a better tone with a tendency to advance further but the sudden drop in foreign securities revived the fear of political troubles abroad and this promptly arrested support. Naturally the fear of war danger over-shadows all unfavorable crop developments as any restriction to a free export movement would throw the weight of the crop on our markets.

HAYWARD & CLARK.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Copy for advertisements for insertion in The Telegram must be in the office not later than TEN O'CLOCK A. M. of the day on which insertion is desired. Advertisers will confer a favor upon this paper by bearing this rule in mind.

THE TELEGRAM COMPANY.

July 31, 5t.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Louisiana—Unsettled showers.

Arkansas—Generally cloudy, showers and thunderstorms.

Oklahoma—Generally cloudy; showers in East.

East Texas—Unsettled showers in north and extreme east.

West Texas—Generally fair.

Eastern belt—Unsettled showers.

LIVERPOOL CLOSE.

August	6.36½
Aug.-Sept.	6.21
Sept.-Oct.	5.97
Oct.-Nov.	5.90
Nov.-Dec.	5.85½
Dec.-Jan.	5.85
Jan.-Feb.	5.86
Feb.-March	5.88
March-April	5.90
April-May	5.91½
May-June	5.93

CHICAGO CLOSE.

	Sept.	Dec.	Jan.	May
Wheat	90⅞	94¾	——	98⅞
Corn	63⅞	61¾	——	64
Oats	41	43½	——	46⅜
Pork	17.35	——	16.25	——
Lard	8.62	8.52	8.50	——
Ribs	8.85	——	8.30	——

NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close
Aug.	11.95	12.26	11.95	11.15
Sept.	11.12	11.20	11.12	11.11
Oct.	10.95	11.05	10.92	10.95
Dec.	10.92	11.06	10.92	10.97
Jan.	10.91	11.01	10.86	10.91
March	11.03	11.10	10.97	11.01
May	11 13	11.22	11.10	11.13

Steady.

Middling 12.50.

Government Weekly Weather Report.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 1.

Texas.—The first part of week was unusually cool, the mean temperature being 1 degree to over 1 degree below normal. Showers fell on several days but were extremely local with widely different amounts. Heavy rains ranging from 1 to 2 inches occurred in many north central and northeast and some southern counties. Little or no precipitation occurred in many scattering localities but mostly in the south central portion. Sunshine about normal.

Oklahoma—Cool weather prevailed, temperatures averaging about five degrees below normal. Sunshine was deficient and occasional light to moderate showers fell. Weather was favorable and conditions are improving.

Georgia—Temperatures were below normal, owing to cool nights. Light showers were general on 25th, but rest of week was dry with abundant sunshine. Toward close of week temperature rose to 90 degrees in the southern portion.

SANDLIN CASE GOES TO JURY

Wilmington Man Charged With Wife Murder May be Held to be Insane—Jury Will Determine That Question—Officer Nelms Exonerated in Negro Killing Case.

Special to Telegram.

Wilmington, Aug. 1.—The case against L. M. Sandlin, charged with the murder of his wife, went to the jury shortly after 1 o'clock and a verdict is expected during the afternoon.

Unexpected progress was made yesterday afternoon, which is the reason the case was completed in such short time.

Two issues were submitted to the jury. First: "Is the prisoner insane"? Should this issue be answered in the affirmative the second issue will not be considered, but on the other hand if the jury finds him sane the question of his guilt or innocence of the murder will be passed upon.

The defense did not offer any testimony, relying upon fragments which cropped out upon examination of State's witnesses.

The coroner's jury yesterday afternoon exonerated Officer Nelms, who shot and killed a negro Saturday night on the ground that the negro was offering strenuous resistance to arrest and was about to get hold of officer's pistol.

Jno. C. Mills Made a Colonel.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 1.—A commission was issued today to Jno. C. Mills, of Ruthverfordton, as colonel and adjutant on the personal staff of Governor Kitchin. There are also commissions to Wingfield A. Worth, Elizabeth City, as lieutenant commander Second Battalion Naval Bridgade; W. F. Robertson, first lieutenant Company D, First Infantry, Charlotte; R. Hunter Smith, N. R. Morgan, first lieutenant engineering corps, Goldsboro.

Today's Doings in Municipal Court

L. H. Meyers, a white man who said his home was in Winston-Salem, was arrested yesterday afternoon when he was found on the streets drunk. Added to this he was disorderly and when taken into charge by the police he had fallen to the ground and was asleep. When searched a heavy pair of brass knocks were found in his pocket and he faced the variety of charges in Municipal court this morning. For the drunk, down, and disorderly offense, he was fined the usual $7.50 and the costs in the case. For carrying concealed weapons he was fined $25 and the costs, and in lieu of the total of $43 he went to jail. He has not yet been paid cut though friends are collecting the money and he will doubtless be released soon.

Lillie Joyce, a negress, was convicted of retailing and was sentenced to serve 90 days in the county work house.

W. D. McAdoo was arraigned on the charge of allowing a hole to remain open in the sidewalk, to the peril of pedestrians. He was fined $50 and the costs, with the condition that the fine will be remitted if the defendant complies with the law before Friday.

FOURTH ATTEMPT TO REACH ENTOMBED MINER BEING MADE

Joseph Clary Supposed To Be Buried Seventy Feet Probably Dead Below Surface.

Joplin, Mo., Aug. 1.—The grief stricken parents of Joseph Clary, a miner who was entombed in a cave-in here, today persuaded the rescuing party to make a fourth attempt to drill through the lead where the young man is believed to have been buried 70 feet below the surface. In the three previous attempts to reach the entombed miner the drills were deflected by peculiar rock formation and missed the mark. Women in the neighborhood of the mine are keeping the rescuers supplied with food and they are working in shifts which are changed every few minutes. The parents of Clary still believe that he is alive, although no signals have been received from him.

CHARTER ISSUED FOR THE HOPKINS AVIATION COMPANY

Flying Machines to be Manufactured Here--Also Various Types of Motors.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 1.—A charter was issued by the Secretary of State today for the Lindsay Hopkins Aviation Company, of Greensboro, the purpose of the company being to manufacture flying machines of all kinds, give aerial exhibitions, develop patents and make electric, steam, gasoline and other types of motors.

The capital stock is $30,000, the incorporators being Lindsay Hopkins, Thornwell H. Andrews and Thomas Beall.

UPRISING IN INTERIOR OF CUBA REPORTED

Havana, Aug. 1.—An uprising headed by Gen. Acevedo is reported in the interior of the island. The government has sent a force of rurales into the section where the revolutionists are supposed to be to put down the uprising.

MURDERER OF BROKER PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

New York, Aug. 1.—Paul Seidell, charged with the murder of Broker William Jackson, who was killed in the Iroquois hotel a few days ago, pleaded not guilty when arraigned in court today. The murder of the broker was most coldblooded and the District Attorney has vowed to have Seidell, who was formerly a bell boy in the hotel, sentenced to the electric chair within thirty days. Soon after being arrested the boy confessed to the murder of the broker.

Free Motion Pictures

CHANGED DAILY

At Lindley Park

Dance Tuesday and Friday Nights

THE COUNTY OF GUILFORD SHOWS LARGER GAINS IN ALL LINES THAN ANY COUNTY IN THE STATE.

POPULATION

Population in 1900.....39,074	Population in 1910.....60,497
Increase in GUILFORD COUNTY .....54 per cent.	Increase in New Hanover County .....29 per cent.
Increase in Mecklenburg County .....21 per cent.	Increase in Buncombe County .....12 per cent.
Increase in Wake County .....15 per cent.	Increase in Durham County .....34 per cent
Increase in Forsyth County .....34 per cent.	Average increase for the State 16 per cent.

TAXABLE VALUES OF PROPERTY IN GUILFORD COUNTY

1900 .....$9,070,079.00	1910 .....$22,778,520.00

STATE ASSESSMENTS OF CORPORATION EXCESS FOR 1910

GUILFORD COUNTY $6,292,718.00	Forsyth County $3,322,677.00
Mecklenburg County 6,053,070.00	New Hanover County 3,569,815.00
Durham County 3,198,549.00	Buncombe County... 2,640,126.00
	Wake County 4,493,365.00

FOR INFORMATION, WRITE TO

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

R. C. HOOD, President. C. C. McLEAN, Secretary.

THAT FIRST GRAY HAIR

Is only a beginning. Others will follow only too quickly if you neglect them.

NOW is the time to use HAY'S HAIR HEALTH. It will keep out the GRAY HAIRS; keep your hair from falling out and preserve its natural color and beauty.

Send 10c. for a trial bottle and a tube of HAY'S LILY WHITE TOILET CREAM, and leaflets "The Care of the Hair and Skin." to PHILO HAY SPEC. CO., Newark, N. J., U. S. A. REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

$1 and 50c bottles at Drug and Dept. Stores, or direct upon receipt of price. HARFINA SOAP is unequalled for Shampooing the hair and keeping the Scalp clean and healthy, also for red, rough chapped hands and face. 25c at Druggists.

Greensboro Female College

Founded in 1838. Ideal home school for girls, with a distinctive Christian atmosphere. Limited number of students with small classes. Four years of collegiate work leading to A. B. degree. Beautiful location with unsurpassed health record. Students admitted on certificate from accredited High Schools. High standards and individual instruction.

For catalog, address

MRS. LUCY H. ROBERTSON, President
Greensboro, N. C.

"Coronation of King George"

MONDAY AT

THE OTTOWAY

Admission 5 CENTS.

Lots of people who marry for money are investing in gold briks.

The fellow who trusts to luck hasn't always the luck to get trusted.

A woman can't always conceal her age by covering it with a coat of paint.

FOR LADIES ONLY

COME AT ONCE.

The Last Call

ON

Mendel Shirt Waists

$1.00 quality .. ..75c. $1.25 quality 90c
$1.50 quality .. ..$1.10 $2.00 quality $1.35
$2.25 quality .. ..$1.65 $3.00 quality $2.10

These Are Good at Any Season of the Year

J. M. HENDRIX & CO.

223 SOUTH ELM STREET

THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES.

Drink Mt. Vernon Springs Mineral Water and be Healthy

5 Gallon Bottles for $1.00

FORDHAM'S DRUG STORE

514 South Elm St. C. C. Fordham, Prop.

GERMANY HAS FORTIFICATIONS ON HELIGOLAND ISLAND

(Continued from Page One).

ture for any public office will be sehverely criticized by general opnion.

Archaeological researches made at a spot some twenty miles from Kars have brought to light a completely intact stone fortress of prehistoric date. The masonry of the primitively designed forts and bastions is extremely well laid. Among the many and various objects found are quite a number of well-preserved figures of heathen gods, mostly in animal forms and in a kind of hard-baked potter's clay. According to the description of these figures given in the Kars despatch they appear to bear a close resemblance to similar objects found in ancient Scythian tumuli in the Taurida.

The other finds will be described in a report to the Archaeological Society of St. Petersburg.

The eternal Albanian question seems as far from its solution as ever and it is almost impossible to express any opinion as to what may happen in Albania or Montenegro today or tomorrow, so much does the political aspect change without ever taking a decided turn for the better.

That Turkey at present is exceedingly anxious to avoid open hostilities, in which event she would have to rely on soldiers half starved and clamoring for pay, is evident not only from the fact that she has once more extended the offer of amnesty to the Albanians, but also from the much more significant fact that she consented to cede to her arch-enemy, Montenegro, the enclave between Velika and Mount Visitor, which for years has been the scene of constant conflicts arising out of rights of pasture, and also the Lake of Blava, as a compensation for the expenses incurred by Montenegro in providing food and shelter for thousands of Albania refuges. Montenegro, however, is not satisfied with these concessions.

That Turkey's military resources are strained to the utmost by the long campaigns in Yemen and Albania, and that is exceedingly hard for the government to get soldiers is shown by the recent order issued from Constantinople mobolizing all Mohammedans and Christians below the age of forty five.

A German officer, who is watching events in Albania, writes to me from Podgoritsa, in Montenegro, that there are ominous signs of mutiny everywhere among the Turkish troops. They demand to be sent home, the heat is unbearable and they are being harrassed night and day by the guerilla methods of the insurgents.

The Turkish offers of amnesty, he writes, having proved an utter failure, the authorities have resorted to new tactics and are offering large sums of money to private individuals in order to buy them and their influence.

In the meantime Montenegro's special Ambassador to Russia, General Hinschkovich, is said to have impressed the Czar's government with the gravity of the present situation. Interviewed by the St. Petersburg correspondent of a Paris paper a few days ago he pointed out that, with the reinforcement expected from the vilayet of Kossovo, the Turkish army operating on the Montenegrin frontier will reach a total of 100,000 men. In spite of the assurance of Turkey, Montenegro canont feel that it is safe from a "Demonstration" by Turgut Pasha if the fancy takes him. In addition to feeding the Albanians, Montenegro has had to bear exceptional military charges for some months.

The envoy added that the whole of Europe ought to bring every peaceful means to bear upon the Porte to induce it to give Albania the administration and special favors necessary to pacify it.

STORE CLOSED FRIDAYS AT 1:00 O'CLOCK—CLERK'S HALF HOLIDAY

YELLOW TRADING STAMPS GIVEN

Bargains Like These Keep Us Busy and No wonder. It's Wanted Merchandise at The WANTED TIME

31-inch Kimona Crepe, 17c. quality in beautiful patterns, 11 1-2c.

9-4 Fruit of the Loom Sheeting, regular 3 1-2c. value for 26c. yard.

40c. all Pure Linen, 36 in. wide, medium weight, 21c. yard.

18c. Chamois Long Cloth, 36 in. wide, 9c. yard.

Water shrunk oyster white Linen Ramie, 46 in. wide. Sold originally at 75c., for 33c.

Solid color half Silk Materials, sold for 25c. and 29c., reduced to 16 1-2c.

All Silk Crepe De Chene, 21 in. wide, regular 59c. value; all wanted evening shades, 37 1-2c. yard.

Big lot Fancy Silks, including solid color rough Pongee, Checks and two tones, sold up to $1.00 yard, for 33c. yard.

Two men's Union Suits, size 34, sold for $1.00, light weight, ribbed, reduced to 69c.

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, regular 25c. value, for 19c.

Satteen Petticoats, Persian flounce, $1.25 value, for 79c.

Crepe Short Kimonos, solid colors, 98 and $1.25 values, for 49c.

BARGAIN BASEMENT.

Mercerized Table Damask in 1 to 8 yard lengths, regular 49c value, for 33c.

Mill Ends of fine Percales, light and dark grounds, 36 in. wide, 12 1-2c quality, for 8c.

Mill Ends of Emb-Cloth 6 1-2c. yd.

Double Printed Curtain Scrim, regular 25c value, for 14c.

Big assortment of Wool Skirts, reduced to $3.00.

Bleached Turkish Bath Towels 6 1-2c.

100 Men's Fine Shirts, sizes 15 1-2 to 18, values up to $1.00; choice 49c.

Meyer's DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO N

Women and Society

Dance At Park.

The regular Tuesday night dance will be given at the Park tonight.

—o—

Marriage Licenses in July.

During the month of July forty-four couples secured license to marry from the office of the register of deeds.

—o—

An Apron Party.

Miss Cladie Pike entertained about 40 of her young friends last evening at her home on Gregory street. The occasion was in the nature of an apron party and the few hours spent by Miss Pike's guests were greatly enjoyed. Dainty refreshments were served by the hostess to the young people.

—o—

Business Meeting of Centenary Philatheas.

There will be a business meeting of the Philathea Class of Centenary church at the home of Miss Bessie Ridge, 543 Pearson street, this evening, and a large attendance of the members of the class is desired.

—o—

Picknicked At Battle Ground.

The Sunday school of the Carraway Memorial church at White Oak, picnicked at the Battle Ground today. The members of the school went out in wagons and had dinner on the grounds. They will return home late this afternoon.

—o—

MT. AIRY SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNICKING HERE TODAY

The Sunday school of the Central Methodist church of Mt. Airy, ran an excursion to the city today, coming by way of Winston. The merry train load of people reached the city at 10:15 and the major portion boarded special cars for Lindley Park where they spent the day. The train will leave on the return trip late this afternoon.

—o—

Ladies' Society Entertained.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Christian church was delightfully entertained at the church yesterday afternoon from 3:30 to 6 by the pastor, Rev. L. E. Smith.

Following the regular business session a short musical program was rendered as follows: An organ solo by the organist, Miss Esther Lowe, a vocal solo by Mrs. Sykes, a reading by Miss Eleanor Elliott, a vocal solo, and organ solo. Immediately following the program the ladies were ushered into the ladies parlor where delicious cream and cake was served. There were about 20 ladies present and all enjoyed the occasion very much. Each one assured Mr. Smith that they had spent a most delightful afternoon.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hedgepeth left last night for a trip of ten days to include Norfolk, Ocean View, Richmond, Va., and Washington City among the points visited.

—o—

Mrs. Samuel S. Snyder and small son, Henry, of Petersburg, Va., are visiting Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Petree, at their home on South Spring street.

—o—

Mrs. L. H. Battle returned last night from a visit of three weeks with her son, Fred Battle, in Durham.

—o—

R. G. Vaughn and daughters, Misses Mary Watson and Josephine, and Miss Lynn Richardson returned yesterday afternoon from Montreat, where the young ladies have been spending two weeks in the Vaughn Cottage.

—o—

Mrs. C. W. Banner and baby have gone to Mt. Airy for a stay of some time at White Sulphur Springs.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Schenck spent yesterday in Raleigh, returning home from a trip to the coast.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. Paul G. Welch spent Monday in Raleigh.

—o—

Mrs. M. W. Lindsay, who has been in Raleigh on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. O. L. Bailey, returned home yesterday.

—o—

Mrs. Dan Bridgers, of Raleigh, who has been visiting her mother here, returned home yesterday. She was accompanied by Miss Slack, who will be her guest for several days.

—o—

Miss Lucille Brown, of Ayden, is visiting Mrs. R. C. Pender, on West Sycamore street for several weeks.

—o—

Miss Katie Lee and Henry McKinley, of Maxton, arrived in the city today for a visit with Miss Bessie and Sidney S. Alderman, on West Market street.

—o—

Mrs. John J. Daniels and daughters, Lillian and Evangeline, of Pomona, will sail for London, England, on August 2 to visit relatives.

—o—

Mrs. C. L. Harrington has returned from a visit to Raleigh.

—o—

Mrs. George Kennett has returned from Mt. Airy White Sulphur Springs.

—o—

Mrs. J. W. Weatherly is in Winston on a visit to Mrs. M. D. Bailey.

Miss Anna Kellam has gone to Price to visit relatives.

—o—

Miss Flossie Green has gone to Elkin to visit relatives and friends.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Thompson spent yesterday in Winston with relatives.

—o—

Mrs. F. S. Charter and son, Lagrande, leave tonight for a trip to northern points, to spend a month visiting relatives in New Hampshire and Connecticutt.

—o—

Miss Ione Ellington, of Winston-Salem, is here to visit her brother, A. G. Ellington.

—o—

Mrs. J. R. Pleasants, of Danville, returned to her home this morning after visiting Mrs. M. G. Newell for two weeks.

—o—

Miss Willie Clapp is in Winston-Salem to be the guest of Miss Lillian Thomton for a few days.

—o—

Miss Mal Shober has returned home after a visit to her sister, Mrs. Thomas Tise, in Winston-Salem.

—o—

Mrs. G. T. McLamb, who has been visiting in Wilkesboro, has returned home.

PERSONAL MENTION

R. C. Bernau left this morning for Richmond to attend the annual meeting of the National Jewelers' Association. Before returning he will visit Northern cities.

—o—

A. H. King has returned from Columbia University where he took a summer course.

—o—

L. M. Ham has returned from a business trip to Mt. Alive.

—o—

Prof. W. C. Jackson returned this morning from a trip to New York and other northern cities.

—o—

Deputy Insurance Commissioner W. A. Scott has gone to Wilmington to attend the trial of a person accused of arson.

—o—

Frank and Clement Haynes, of Mocksville, came to the city yesterday and will be guests of Sidney and Garland Alderman, on West Market street, for several days.

—o—

J. D. Gamble will leave tomorrow for a ten days' visit to Troy.

—o—

G. H. Royster left this morning for a business visit of several days in the interest of the K. of P. Insurance Department to Clayton.

—o—

Capt. Lebby, of the local corps of the Salvation Army, is in Winston assisting in special meetings there.

—o—

City Editor R. E. Carmichael, of the Winston Sentinel was in the city today.

—o—

Mesdames John L. and B. F. Hooper left today to spend some time at Wrightsville Beach.

—o—

W. H. Wallace, manager of the local store of the Wallace Clothing store, will leave tomorrow on a ten days' business trip to New York.

—o—

Percy and Kirkwood Dillon and William Townsend are expected to return home today from Wrightsville Beach, where they have been spending the past three weeks on a camping trip.

—o—

Harry S. Morris left today at noon to spend a week's vacation at Mt. Vernon Springs.

—o—

C. W. Bailey, after spending his vacation here with his family, returned this morning to his work in Charlotte.

—o—

Samuel F. Johnson, of the Huntley-Stockton-Hill Company, is seriously ill at his home on Spring Garden street.

Gathering Geographical Features of State

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 1.—William J. Andrews, of this city, is making a specialty just now of getting together information about the origin of the names of towns, rivers and other geographical features of the State and he has the assurance from State Superintendent of Public Instruction J. Y. Joyner that he will get on foot some movement soon that will greatly quicken interest in these matters on the part of the teachers and pupils in the public schools throughout the state. Mr. Andrews has just found, for instance, that the name of the town, Lumber Bridge, Robeson county, originated in 1739 from a man named Glass settling there and building the first bridge made of sawed lumber across the river there. It was the first sawed lumber seen thereabouts.

Women With Small Feet

Can buy oxfords and shoes at just about half price at this store. We are overstocked with small sizes, 1 1-2, 2, 2 1-2, 3 and 3 1-2, and want to clear them out. Ask to see the small sizes advertised in The Telegram. You can sure get a bargain if you have a small foot. For large women we also have a lot of size 8 and 9 oxfords to close out very low.

We want to remind you that we carry the largest and best stock of mattings, art squares and rugs in the city. As we handle these goods in connection with our large dry goods and shoe business with very little additional expense, we are in position to quote very low prices on mattings and carpets.

We are selling all our childrens and boys' slippers at reduced prices. It will pay you to see these if there are any little folks in the family.

We want a good, bright, reliable boy about 18 years old to help in the store and learn to sell goods. Steady employment for the right sort of boy.

Thacker & Brockmann

Greensboro Commercial School

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Makes a specialty of thorough training. We prepare our students just as well as they will let us. Much depends on the pupil but if they will do their part we can make them SUCCESSFUL Bookkeepers and Stenographers. We could tell you story after story of the success of young men and women who have completed our courses and MADE GOOD. No pulls—no wonderful ability—just plain common sense hitched to the 100 per cent training. We have just issued a new journal and pamphlet which tells you all about our work, rates of tuition, etc. Will gladly send you same upon request.

PRIMARY IN MISSISSIPPI

Thousands Seeking Nominations in That State—Sensational Contest Between Senator Percy and Ex-Governor Vardaman is Overshadowing All Other Fights.

Jackson, Miss., July 1.—The State primary in which candidates for United States Senator, district and county offices throughout the State are to be nominated, is in progress today. More than 6,000 candidates are seeking offices in the State and the contest is one in which the most intense interest is manifested. This is especially true of the contest for United States Senator between Senator Leroy Percy and former Gov. James K. Vardaman.

The feeling between the Senatorial candidates and their friends is acute and may lead to disorder before the contest at the ballot boxes closes.

Vardaman is believed to be the stronger of the two candidates for Senator and it is thought he will defeat Senator Percy. Both sides are making a strenuous fight, but Vardaman's supporters manifest the most confidence in the result.

JOE POWELL SEVERELY STABBED BY NORTON SUMMERS.

Joe Powell, colored, was brought to the police office this afternoon with several serious knife wounds about his body, two of them being of a serious nature. As The Telegram is going to press Dr. Wilson is engaged in sewing up the wounds, it being estimated that it would take at least 50 or 75 stitches to close the flesh.

In his right breast was a bad stab that came near reaching the heart on the left side. Just under the left shoulder the flesh is severed to the inside for a distance of eight inches, and it appeared as if his lungs were protuding each time the negro moved his body. There was another wound on the right shoulder. Why he did not bleed to death is a wonder. The negro did not appear to be in much pain.

Powell was shot by Norton Summers at the home of Luke Morton, on Battle Ground avenue, just inside the city limits, about 11 o'clock this morning. The two got into a difficulty and in the scrap that ensued the wounds were inflicted on Powell. Meantime he gave Summers several bad stabs, but Summers' friends got him away. Powell's condition was so bad that a physician had to be summoned and the police were then called. Efforts will be made to catch Summers as it is not believed that he can get away with such wounds as are said to have been inflicted by Powell.

To Survey New Road.

Jerry Respass has gone to Stone Mountain to survey a new road that is to be a part of the Elkin and Alleghany road.

COUPON FOR DINNER SET

No. 11

CUT THIS OUT

30 of these Coupons numbered consecutively (start at any number) with $3.75 (drayage and express extra if delivered) will be good for one set of OLD FLOE BLUE DINNER ware—45 pieces.

The Greensboro Telegram

208 South Davie Street.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Electric Bitters

Made A New Man Of Him.

"I was suffering from pain in my stomach, head and back," writes H. T. Alston, Raleigh, N. C., "and my liver and kidneys did not work right, but four bottles of Electric Bitters made me feel like a new man."

PRICE 50 CTS. AT ALL DRUG STORES.

CARDUI WORKED LIKE A CHARM

After Operation Failed to Help, Cardui Worked Like a Charm.

Jonesville, S. C.—"I suffered with womanly trouble," writes Mrs. J. S. Kendrick, in a letter from this place, "and at times, I could not bear to stand on my feet. The doctor said I would never be any better, and that I would have to have an operation, or I would have a cancer.

I went to the hospital, and they operated on me, but I got no better. They said medicines would do me no good, and I thought I would have to die.

At last I tried Cardui, and began to improve, so I continued using it. Now, I am well, and can do my own work. I don't feel any pains.

Cardui worked like a charm."

There must be merit in this purely vegetable, tonic remedy, for women—Cardui—for it has been in successful use for more than 50 years, for the treatment of womanly weakness and disease.

Please try it, for your troubles.

N. B.—*Write to:* Ladies' Advisory Dept. Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for *Special Instructions*, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper, on request.

SHADOW OF ROOSEVELT LOOMS LARGE ON REPUBLICAN HORIZON

Strong Element of Party Ready to Support Him for Presidential Nomination Against Taft —Presidential Preference Law Likely to Prove Factor in Nominating Candidate.

(By VICTOR ELLIOTT.)

Washington, Aug. 1.—Passing events cast their shadows before. The shadow of Theodore Roosevelt still hangs over the administration of President Taft. Just what it portends no one in the political game in Washington at present will venture to suggest, but it is strongly intimated there is yet a possibility that Roosevelt, the ideal of the West, the scorned in the East, the acceptable in the South, may yet be carried into the White House for another term, notwithstanding his retirement at Oyster Bay. Politicians have never discounted the strong following that Roosevelt developed in the country at his last election as President. The White House is in the same boat. It doesn't hesitate for a moment to believe that Roosevelt would be a strong man in any fight whether for the Presidency or any other public office.

Consequently in the Taft camp there is a feeling of apprehensioon over the plans of Roosevelt, and over the plans of the Roosevelt following. Mr. Taft is out for the Presidency and wants to again come to the White House, thereby receiving the approval by the people of the country of his administration. He realizes that, should Roosevelt come out as an announced candidate for the Presidency, it would end in defeat for the Republicans, and for himself, for it is a slim chance the Republicans have of winning in the presidential year anyway. So the President and his following reiterate that should Roosevelt run against Mr. Taft or even oppose him for the renomination, it would split the Republican party into two factions and mean defeat. If Roosevelt runs on an independent ticket, such as the Progressive League proposed, upon a Nationalist or new party ticket, the hopes of Republican success will be frustrated.

With Roosevelt's help backing Mr. Taft, it is believed by politicians here that the Democrats might de defeated in the 1912 campaign.

Democratic leaders point with scorn to the administration of President Taft, calling attention to the various investigations which Congressional committees are now performing, and which they claim have unearthed great scandals. Then, too, the record of the Democrats in Congress, is pointed to with pride, a record, they say, that voters all over the country will have to approve. They do not expect material help from Wall street but count on the great popular vote of the country to bring them in with the man of their choice.

Just what the power of Theodore Roosevelt will be in the generally mixed up political condition in the United States is hard to foretell. The thing that makes the Roosevelt supporters a power that will have to be reckoned with in the next Republican convention is the Presidential preference law. This will be tried in five States, Oregon, Nebraska, North Dakota, Wisconsin and New Jersey.

Any notion that the Roosevelt sentiment has died out among the voters is erroneous. Politicians here realize this, and when the Presidential primaries are held, the man who might loom up strongest of all in these States is not Taft or La Follette, but Roosevelt.

If this proves to be the case, the convention may find it difficult to restrain a powerful effort to put the Colonel at the head of the Republican ticket. Of course, other States in the Union have not adopted the primary plan of selecting a President and these will form the majority opinion of the convention, but, as the entire West would, it is thought, respond to an enthusiastic call for Roosevelt for President, as well as a number of Southern States, it might be a serious problem to nominate any one else but Roosevelt, for the majority of delegates from the middle west States are as likely to go over to the Roosevelt standard as not, if a solid front is not maintained.

Nebraska is one of the States where the Presidential primary will be watched with interest by politicians all over the country. President Taft's friends have assured him that he will get the vote of the State. On the other hand, the candidacy of Senator La Follette will be strongly urged there. At the same time it is well known here that Roosevelt sentiment is powerful in Nebraska, and this sentiment is expected to show itself without any particular effort at organizing it. At all events instructed delegates will so split up the State's delegation that it will not be able to present a solid vote for any one man. Then the progressive spirit in Nebraska is to be reckoned with. Whether their vote will be for Roosevelt, Taft, or La Follette remains to be seen, but it is reasonable to assume that it will be for some one who stands for the principles of the league which is headed by Senator Jonathan Bourne, of Oregon, father of the progressive movement.

The various phases of the complex political situation emphasizes the fact that Democratic success at the next election seems to be assured. Taft, while a strong candidate, popular to a certain extent with the masses, extremely popular with Wall street and other big interests, looms the largest of all candidates at present. Should Roosevelt enter the lists, the result would be in doubt. If Roosevelt is successful in winning the support of the Republican convention, his election might be assured. If he determines to fight his way to the Presidency on the progressive platform or whatever ticket he heads, Democratic success at the polls probably would be assured. La Follette's election is not thought probable, as he does not loom as large nationally as either Roosevelt or Taft. On the Democratic side, Harmon, Underwood, Wilson, and Champ Clark are the men from whom a candidate will be chosen.

Colonel Roosevelt, it was said some time ago, would support President Taft for re-nomination and re-election. This was promptly denied by Mr. Roosevelt. Since then he has attacked the policy of the administration in respect to the Controller Bay scandal. Under the circumstances the anti-Taft element in Washington are convinced that Roosevelt is not friendly to the re-nomination of Mr. Taft, and that he is not going to do anything to help it.

Friends of Mr. Roosevelt say that the Colonel is not out for the Presidency this time, but that he has covetous eyes on it for 1916. Should he, however, come out strong as a candidate at the next election, his friends predict that Roosevelt would sweep the country as he did in the 1904 campaign, notwithstanding the excellent record that the Democrats have been making and the present defensive attitude of the Taft administration.

Accused of Stealing.

E. E. Chamberlain, of Clinton, Me., boldly accuses Bucklen's Arnica Salve of stealing—the sting from burns or scalds—the pain from sores of all kinds—the distress from boils or piles. "It robs cuts, corns, bruises, sprains and injuries of their terror," he says, "as a healing remedy its equal don't exist." Only 25c at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

"Cholly has brain fever."

"How'd he get it?"

"He met a girl who kept saying, 'Just think!' and Cholly tried to."

A King Who Left Home.

set the world to talking, but Paul Mathulka, of Buffalo, N. Y., says he always KEEPS AT HOME the King of all Laxatives—Dr. King's New Life Pills—and that they're a blessing to all his family. Cure constipation, headache, indigestion, dyspepsia. Only 25c at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

Traveler—Are these all the sandwiches you've got to eat?

Refreshment Room Attendant—I 'aven't got to eat 'm, bless yer. I've got to try to sell 'em.

Foley Kidney Pills will check the progress of your kidney and bladder trouble and heal by removing the cause. Try them. Howard Gardner.

Stella—I hear that Lizzie is talking of getting married again.

Bella—I didn't know that she had been married once yet.

Stella—She isn't. I said she was talking of it again.

Loss of Time Means Loss of Pay.

Kidney trouble and the ills it breeds means lost time and lost pay to many a working man. M. Balent, 1214 Little Penna St., Streator, Ill., was so bad from kidney and bladder trouble that he could not work, but he says: "I took Foley Kidney Pills for only a short time and got entirely well and was soon able to go back to work, and am feeling well and healthier than before." Foley Kidney Pills are tonic in action, quick in results—a good friend to the working man or woman who suffers from kidney ills. Howard Gardner.

TREE SAVES AN AVIATOR FROM DEATH IN BAD FALL.

With Dirigible Aarship Young Levan, of Allentown, Tumbled 200 Feet.

Pittsburg, Aug. 1.—Four thousand persons at the aviation grounds along Braddock avenue, just outside the city's East End limits, at 6.30 yesterday evening, saw Howard Levan, an aviator from Allentown, Pa., fall 200 feet to the ground when a cross current of air overturned his dirigible balloon and caused the craft to sail to the earth.

Levan is believed to have been fatally injured. He was taken to the Columbia hospital, where he is suffering internal hurts, severe bruishes about the face and head, bruises on the body and a fractured rib. He was saved from instant death by a tree that retarded the fall of the balloon.

Levan with others arrived here yesterday and was making trial flights this afternoon when the accident happened. He had circled the field in a Curtis biplane, rising in several places to a height of 200 feet. Then he started a trial flight in a Strobel airship, or dirigible. He had risen about 200 feet and was making a graceful flight over Pine Hollow when the machine was overbalanced by a blast of air, probably deflected upward by the side of the ravine.

The nose of the balloon turned downward quickly, and Levan tried to right the machine by shifting his position rearward; but the tilt was so great that he was jammed down against the engine. The airship slid downward like a swooping bird, crashed into the branches of a tree and wrecked itself a moment later on the stony bottom of a little stream.

Hundreds of persons immediately crowded around the wrecked machine, believing the aviator had been killed. He was lying beside the engine among the twisted framework of the airship. When taken out he partly revived.

The machine is a total wreck. In it Levan has had many flights at different points throughout the country. a

More people, men and women, are suffering from kidney and bladder trouble than ever before, and each year more of them turn for quick relief and permanent benefit to Foley's Kidney Remedy, which has proven itself to be one of the most effective remedies for kidney and bladder ailments that medical science has devised. Howard Gardner.

Maud—Did you observe that Gus Archer gave me his first dance last evening?

Sybil—Yes; he told me later on he believed always in getting disagreeable things done as soon as possible.

The Commercial National Bank

Greensboro, N. C.

Capital and Undivided Profits, $220,000.00

F. B. RICKS, President. F. C. BOYLES, Cashier.
E. J. Stafford, Vice President. I. F. PEEBLES, Asst. Cashier.

We solicit accounts from individuals, firms and corporations, issue Certificates of Deposit and sell Foreign Exchange.

4 Per Cent. Paid on Savings Deposits.

The Law Fixes The Fee—

THE GREENSBORO LOAN & TRUST CO.

in acting as Executor, Administrator, Trustee or Receiver charges a fee fixed by law. The same as an individual would charge. But in the very nature of things a well organized Trust Company can render better service than an individual.

The law regulates trust companies and examines them.

J W. FRY, President. W. E. ALLEN, Treasurer.

A Young Man With $500.00

Wanted to go into business—but the particular business he had in mind required $1,500. It was easy for him to raise the other thousand dollars when he showed by his bank book that he had a definite plan of saving part of his income every week. Men with money are not afraid to lend to young fellows of that sort.

Plan to save something every week—if it's only a dollar.

With Capital of $300,000.00 and Resources of $1,350,000.00, conservatively managed by men of known integrity and ability, this bank is one of the strongest in the State.

The 4 per cent interest we pay, compounded 4 times a year, makes your money GROW.

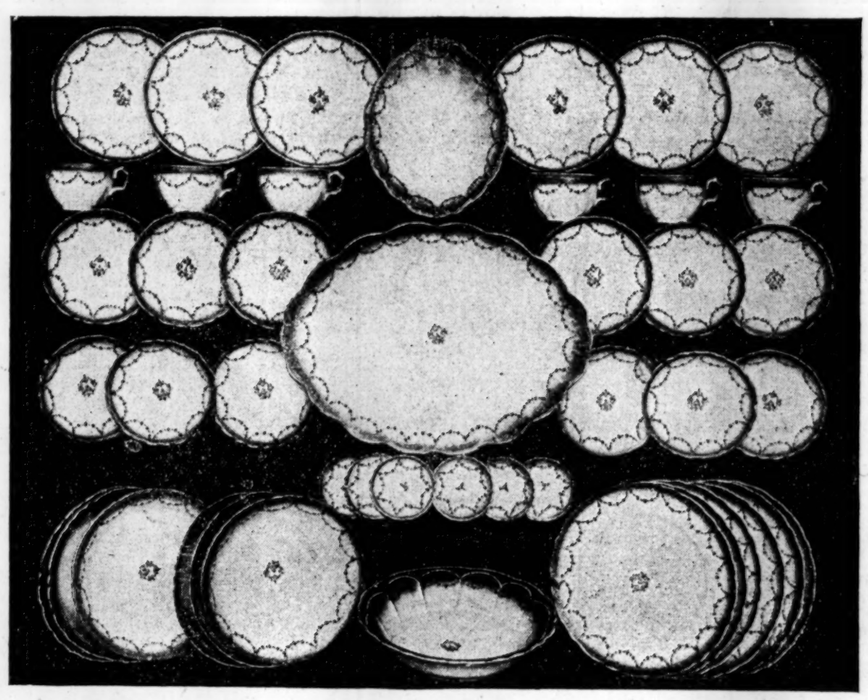
American Exchange Bank

CAPITAL .... $300,000.00.
R. G. VAUGHN, President. J. W. SCOTT, Vice-President.
F. H. NICHOLSON, Asst. Cashier.

Dinner Sets Are On the Way

The Telegram has placed a big order for our 45-piece Dinner Sets, and they have been shipped and will be received soon. When they arrive notice will be given in the paper and those who desire to get Dinner Sets can call at the office or send for them.

A second order for Dinner Sets is ready, and by the time the first shipment is exhausted we will have others on hand.



The Telegram's Fine **Blue and Gold Dinner Set,**

consisting of 45 pieces, is one of the most elegant premiums ever offered by any newspaper. All the ladies who have seen this Dinner Set are delighted with it. We want every lady in Greensboro and Guilford County to see these dishes and to secure a set if they want them.

We Have the Set On Display At The Telegram Office, and it Can Be Seen at Any Time

Flowers For All Occasions

Summit Avenue Greenhouse

HOWARD GARDNER, Prop.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Over Half-Century.

Humphreys' Specifics have been used by the people with satisfaction for more than 50 years. Medical Book sent free.

No.	FOR	Price
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, or Worm Disease	.25
3	Colic, Crying and Wakefulness of Infants	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children and Adults	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8	Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	.25
13	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Erysipelas	.25
15	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Malaria	.25
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External, Internal	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head	.25
30	Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough	.25
31	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	.25
37	Kidney Disease	.25
38	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness	1.00
30	Urinary Incontinence, Wetting Bed	.25
34	Sore Throat, Quinsy	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever and Summer Colds	.25

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEO. MEDICINE CO., Corner William and Ann Streets, New York.

I have sold out my old stand and am now on the corner of Washington and Davie streets with a good line of new and second hand Cycles and Guns, Locks Trunks, Keys and other repairs at right prices also.

F. A. Dorsett Bro & Co

HOW TO CURE ECZEMA, ITCH AND ALL SKIN DISEASES

Don't suffer a moment longer with Eczema, or any form of skin or blood troubles. Don't scratch or rub the skin. Just apply Hancock Sulphur Compound to the affected spots and it will stop the itching at once, and cure the trouble permanently. One 50c bottle will cure that prevalent trouble, Common Itch. Nothing cures skin troubles so quickly as Hancock Sulphur Compound. To beautify the complexion and remove black heads and pimples, use Hancock Sulphur Ointment, 25c. Mrs. Evelyn Garst, of Salem, Va., writes: "Three years ago I had a rough place on my cheek, it would burn and itch. I was fearful it might be of a cancerous nature.. I used different preparations, but nothing ever helped it. One bottle of Sulphur Compound cured me completely. I recommend it to any one having any skin disease." For sale by Howard Gardner, Greensboro, N. C.

W. H. DORSETT.

THE YELLOW FRONT.

230 South Davie Street.

New and second hand cycles and all kinds of repairs, keys, trunks, locks, baby carriages, lawn mowers, umbrellas repaired and recovered, and other repairs. Phone 476.

Davis White Sulphur Springs

The ideal Health, Rest and Pleasure Resort. Crowded each season. Not too high (1100 ft.), pleasant days and nights. No mosquitoes. Unsurpassed mineral water. Resident physician. Room for 200 guests. Sewerage, baths, electric lights. Splendid fare and service. *High-class Orchestra of four.* Bowling, skating, tennis, boating, baching, etc.

Telegraph connection at Statesville. Bell phone. Two through trains from Charlotte.

Special low rates for June and September, $6 to $8 per week; July and August, $8 to $10 per week. Special rates to families and ministers.

Open June 1st to October 1st, 1911.

Write for booklet to

DAVIS BROS.

Owners and Proprietors. Hiddenite, N. C.

RECORD OF HUNDRED YEARS OF TROUBLE

(Continued from Page Three.)

posed and exiled, and the republic restored under the mulatto President, Fabre Geffrard. It is written that he gave a "firm and enlightened rule," which made him so unpopular that he was forced to flee to Jamaica. He was succeeded by Sylvestre Solnave, who, after a Presidency of two years, was shot. Nissage-Saget, Dominique, and Boisrond-Canal succeeded in turn, and driven into exile.

Salomon followed, and by fighting, balancing, coercion, persuasion, and statesmanship kept himself in offie ten years, and then he, too, had to yield to superior force and escape to a foreign land to save his life.

Civil war for the next three years. Gen. Siede Thelemaque, late commandant of the Arondissement of Cape Haitien and ex-Senator Legitime were candidates for President. The elections were held September 17, 1888, when a body similar to the electors of the United States were chosen to name a President. There was some doubt as to who had been the choice for President. Before the electors were to meet to cast the ballot there was disorder among the soldiers in Port au Prince. General Thelemaque went among them to quell the rioters and was shot dead.

The departments of the North and Northwest held Legitime responsible and demanded his withdrawal. The departments of the West and South stood by Legitime. The insurgents, meaning those opposing Legitime, met at Cape Hatitien and placed General Hippolyte at the head of affairs. He became Provisional President. Those favoring Legitime met at Port au Prince and elected Legitime.

War began, with Legitime at the head of one army and Hippolyte in command of the other. It was a bloody conflict, with a varying tide to either side, until Hoppolyte came triumphantly into Port au Prince and Legitime fled.

Hippolyte Alone Not Ousted.

Hippolyte ruled with an iron hand until he died. Then came Gen. Simon Sam, whom Nord Alexis drove out and occupied his seat, after nine months of uproar and the exercise of strong arms.

Alexis discovered a conspiracy to unseat him. He checked an outbreak and magnanimously forgave the revolutionists. This was in January, 1908. In March another ministry under him discovered another alleged conspiracy, and wholesale executions of suspects were made forthwith. In the fall the Criminal Court sentenced a large number of persons to death, including military men of high rank and leaders of undoubted talents. They were charged with being implicated in plots to over-throw the government earlier in the year.

Upon this Gen. Antoine Simon raised his standard at Aux C. Dissatisfaction among the government troops existed and they deserted in bodies to join Simon's troops in their march on Port au Prince, which was taken without bloodshed in December. Nord Alexis fled to escape violence, and obtained refuge on a French ship, which carried him away to Jamaica, where he died.

General Simon became President. The insurgents are after him now.

Do not allow your kidney and bladder trouble to develop beyond the reach of medicine. Take Foley Kidney Pills. They give quick results and stop irregularities with surprising promptness. Howard Gardner.

Consolation.

Mrs. Newgold (in the picture gallery)—This, Aunt Eunice, is a real old master.

Aunt Eunice—Well, I shouldn't care if it was; it's just as good as some of the new ones.—Life.

WHY SO WEAK?

Kidney Troubles May Be Sapping Your Life Away.. Greensboro People Have Learned This Fact.

When a healthy man or woman begins to run down without apparent cause, becomes weak, languid, depressed, suffers backache, headache, dizzy spells and urinary disorders, kidney weakness may be the cause of it all. Keep the kidneys well and they will keep you well. Doan's Kidney Pills make sick kidneys well. Can Greensboro readers demand further proof than the following statement:

H. C. Poole, 601 E. Green St., High Point, N. C., says: "Some time ago I noticed that my kidneys were not doing their work properly, the kidney secretions being irregular in passage and causing me a great deal of distress. My back was so weak that after stooping, I had to take hold of something and pull myself up again. I was troubled by dizzy spells and my head ached constantly. My rest at night was broken and in the morning I was so tired and weak that I could hardly drag myself around. Doan's Kidney Pills completely cured me and I am grateful to them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

DAINTIES FROM SCRAPS

MANY PRETTY THINGS MADE FROM ODDS AND ENDS.

Any Pieces of Lace, However Small, Can by Skillful Fingers Be Turned Into Articles of Beauty.

Every well ordered house has at least one bag for the reception of odds and ends. The stores are now full of beautiful remnants of all sorts and lengths of lace, and many dainty and useful articles may be made from them. It takes only a little thought and ingenuity to see what the newest touches are in neckwear and fancy articles to be able to concoct many pretty things from odds and ends of lace and embroidery. If you happen to have some bits of real or good imitation lace in your possession every scrap, however much it may be torn, may be used to good advantage if mended first by being transferred neatly on to the finest net and sewed to this through paper, afterward tearing the paper away. Any pieces, however small, can by skillful fingers be turned into articles of beauty.

Delightful caps for babies may be fashioned from unprized trifles in the way of muslin and lace scraps. No one looking at them when completed could believe they were ever anything but one uniform whole. Also the little fanciful theater and boudoir caps and other headdresses worn by girls at present may be made in the same way with the addition of ribbon trimmings.

Artistic little candle shades and shades for electric light bulbs are also most successfully made of pieces of lace lined with a color.

There is no end of ways in which these odds and ends may be used on collars, cuffs, jabots and other accessories of dress. Tiny picot edgings or footings, sewed to lace, often make a great difference, not only in appearance, but in durability and strength. Exquisite collar and cuffs sets, pocketbooks, belts, work bags, sachets, cushion covers and other things made of bold openwork design of lace or embroidery may be beautified by sewing over the edges of the open spaces with colored silk. It is easy and quick work and effective. Table covers in natural color linen have a lace edge treated in colored silks and have the edge of the lace cut away and the design buttonholed in irregular outline. Crib and pillow covers and spreads for the go-cart are ornamented in the same style and the effect is uncommon and pretty.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL

Beautifully embroidered is this soft rose chiffon over souple satin. The new sleeve cut under the arm is low, like our first adaptations of this kimono mode. The girdle is of black satin. Rose plumes are on the black hat, which is covered with rose chiffon.

Fichs for Fall.

The prominent use that continues to be made of the fichu trimming on handsome French gowns vouches for the continuance of the mode for these quaint accessories, says the Dry Goods Economist. The American trade, as a rule, did not understand the proper application or quaint charm of this attractive neckpiece. However, with the education which last season's displays have brought about the public will be even better prepared for the fall line. Fichus should be featured as trimmings on simple evening gowns and on attractive gowns of silk, etc.

Drooping Shoulders.

The new bodices show a decided droop to the shoulders line. This is done with and without a seam. The sleeve is put in three inches below the top of arm. It is joined to the shoulder with a heavy cord, which is covered with the material or with satin or silk.

KAISER'S WIFE IS A PARAGON

Good Wife, Mother and Housekeeper, Highly Accomplished and Possessor of Charming Manners.

The German empress, as well as proving herself pre-eminently a good wife, mother and housekeeper, has many graceful accomplishments. She is very musical, and this forms a strong bond of sympathy between herself and the emperor, who is a musical composer of some ability. When he desires to give his wife an agreeable surprise he instructs the court musicians to play some new composition under the windows of her apartments. Musical evenings with his wife and family are one of the few recreations in which the busy kaiser indulges. The empress is fond of sketching, and is a clever amateur photographer, having a collection of most interesting travel scenes, which she photographed during her tour with the emperor in the holy land. She has great taste in the arrangement of furniture and flowers, and her private apartments are among the most artistic of any royal lady in Europe.

The consort of the kaiser is a charming mixture of the woman and the imperial lady. Nothing which adds to the well-being of her husband and children is beneath her concern. In simple morning gown she will prepare the emperor's coffee, and in the evening, attired with taste and magnificence and full of gracious manners she is every inch an empress. She invariably wears in her hair a large, single diamond, which once adorned the cocked hat of Napoleon, and is seldom seen without the diamond and enameled bracelet, which bears inset likenesses of her seven children, and a heart-shaped open locket with a portrait of her husband. In appearance the empress is tall, of good presence, comely in face, and generally smiling, while her laugh is rippling and contagious.

She is sweet and placid in nature, leaves politics severely alone, but is much interested in social reforms. In short, the German empress must have been the selected of the gods as helpmate for the clever, strenuous kaiser.

Had Her Own Opinion.

As soon as the Eastern States was well out of the Detroit river she hit it up at her usual speed of twenty miles, further augmented by a fifteen-mile breeze dead astern. The boat hustled some. After a time the breeze died down and soon the lake assumed the oily appearance of a dead calm.

Up rose the lady—she lives in E. Ninety-third street when she is at home, and is a clever automobilist. "The breeze is so strong here," she announced, "that I shall have to go into the cabin to seek shelter."

"Why," said a man who knows her, "there is no breeze at all. Just look at the lake. It is the boat that is making its own breeze, going twenty miles an hour."

The woman turned on him in scorn. "Nonsense," she replied, disdainfully. "You tell me there is no breeze and here my hat is almost blowing off. I am surprised at you. We're steaming against a strong headwind and everyone knows it but you."

She stuck to it, too.—Cleveland Leader.

Japanese Mushrooms.

Many varieties of mushrooms, little known in this country or in Europe, are to be found in Japan. The most esteemed of these is the shii-take, which is principally grown on the evergreen oak.

Trees about six inches in diameter are felled and cut into lengths of six feet. The logs are scarred on the back, and are laid on the ground for about three years. Then they are stacked in rows in a shady place, and soon become covered with the mushrooms. After yielding one crop the logs are soaked in water, beaten with a mooden mallet and again set up. In a few days new mushrooms begin to sprout on them. The shii-take is a great favorite in Japan, being used in many dishes, but most frequently in soups.—Harper's Weekly.

The Copper's Joke.

"Ever go over on the east side?" asked Rose Stahl. "If not, you miss half the joy of living in New York. Just for fun I made the rounds the other day with a reporter friend of mine. A few blocks east of the Bowery we observed a crowd hanging about a certain corner and approached a policeman.

"'What's the row over there?' the reporter asked.

"The policeman grinned. 'Nothin',' he replied. 'Nothin' but a wooden weddin'.'

"'A wooden wedding?' The newspaper man pondered and reached for his pencil: 'Who is it?'

"'Why, it's a wooden weddin',' answered the policeman, in a matter-of-fact voice. 'It's a couple of Poles gettin' married.'"—Young's Magazine.

Unsophisticated.

"And why will you take up two hours of my husband's valuable time?" asked the social climber.

"Because I am going to do monsieur in oil," responded the portrait painter.

"Indeed! Well, see that you use the best olive oil. We are rich enough to pay for the genuine article, without being bunkoed with substitution."

Progress.

"They used to say that when you saw a red-headed girl you would also see a white horse."

"All that has changed. Now you look for a white motor car."

TOO MUCH FOR FATHER

LIKES JIMMY'S CLOTHING ALL BUT ROLLED TROUSERS.

Young Man From College Could Point Out Plenty Like Them but His Dad Would Not Yield.

When the very young man from college entered "dad's" study, in the new suit, the old gentleman, beginning at the rainbow-banded straw, continued his admiring inspection until he encountered the tops of the smartly-tied and saffron leathers. Then his brow darkened.

"Stand off a bit there, Jimmie," he said, "where the light'll strike you full—there, by the window."

"I like it well enough," said the old man, "till it gets to the shoetops, but there's where I weaken, Jimmie—there's where I draw the line. You're to go out to lunch with me, you know."

"Yes," said Jimmie, "but what's that got to do with it?"

"Just this, my boy: The morning paper says 'fair and warmer,' and I notice you're ready for a splash through the rain. I refer to that four-inch roll in your trousers. There's no chance to go wadin' in a branch today, and rain's out o' the question. Unroll your trousers, lad, and let 'em fall over your shoetops sensible. Down with 'em, Jimmie—'way down! You're to walk the streets with your dad today, and it's lunch time now."

"Why, dad," said Jimmie, "these trousers are the style made by a tailor that knows his business. The tailor put that roll on 'em himself. You won't meet a boy in a mile of streets, who thinks anything of himself, dressed at all, but his trousers'll have that roll to 'em."

"That's all right, Jimmie—but turn 'em down—turn 'em down!"

As they emerged from the building, three young men entered. Jimmie nudged the old man.

"There!" he said. "What did I tell you?"

(Three pairs of "loud," rolled trousers.)

"Four more!" said Jimmie, keeping count, as they passed along.

Three blocks and 49 pairs of rolled trousers were on Jimmie's side of the argument.

"I reckon you've got a majority vote, Jimmie," the old man yielded. "Come in, and order what you want for lunch. But let 'em hang as they are till we get back, then roll 'em up private, and go where you're a-mind to—but I'll be dinged if you'll walk along the street with me looking like that!"

During the meal the old man didn't have much to say. He appeared to be doing some thinking on the side. That night he said to Jimmie's mother:

"Do you think you would have pinned the violets on my coat that moonlight night long ago, at the garden gate, whose latch clink was music to my soul, if I had appeared before you as Jimmie is parading around today?"

"There, now!" said Jimmie's mother. "You're getting sentimental. I think it would have been all right, if you had looked as fine as Jimmie does today."

"Well! Didn't I?"

"Yes, dear. Jimmie is just as tall as you were then, and has your eyes, and the very trick of your smile, and the winning ways that—"

"Maybe so—but, thank heaven, they didn't wear trousers like that in those days!"—F. L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

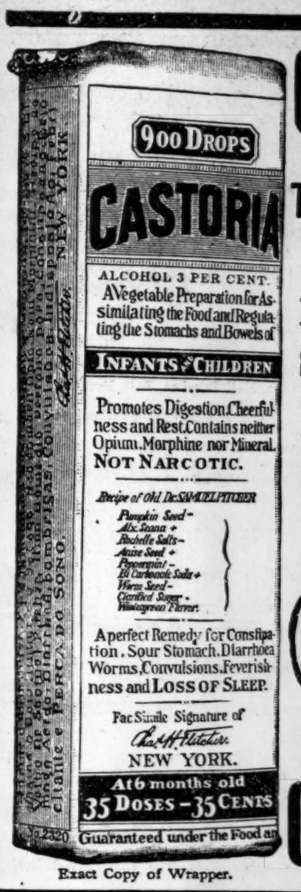
How Relics Are Faked.

A careful observer who has visited many of the world's great battlefields declares that the greater part of the mementoes, of which there seems to be an inexhaustible supply, are wholly spurious; but so well are they simulated that the average visitor is content. Pieces of shell are made by casting hollow spheres and cracking them with a sledge. The fragments are then treated to a bath of diluted nitric acid and allowed to gather rust in the open air.

The appearance of verdigris is easily procured, when desired, by the use of copper in solution. The writer was shown several basketfuls of pieces of shell, all of which seem to be at least thirty or forty years old. The acid has slightly honeycombed the edges, and they looked exactly as if corroded by long burial beneath the soil. Such trifles as single bullets and minie balls are made with the greatest ease in an ordinary mould. they are dented with a small hammer and given the requisite discoloration by remaining for a few days in a bucket of lime. The more elaborate relics, such as sword belts, spurs, pieces of harness, bayonets, canteens, and so on, are turned out by individual workmen, who make a good profit out of the business.

Making the "Pipe" Last Longer.

Many smokers have adulterated their own tobacco. Parr sprinkled his pipeful with salt to make it last longer. And it does. Parr, one of the most leisurely of smokers and longest of livers, made his salted pipe last an hour. There is faint crackling as the salt burns, but no difference in the taste. And it was Lamb who, disdaining adulterants, sat opposite and smoked in furious clouds. When Parr asked gently how he had attained this fierce dexterity, the reply was characteristically Lamb's: "Buby t-toiling after it, sir, as s-some men t-toil after v-virtue!"—London Chronicle.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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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Confectionery.

Extra Specials this week for lovers of fine candy—quality chocolates, 75 cents pound.

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Cleaning and Pressing.

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WHITFIELD will give you a good job of work. It will pay you to call on him first.

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Furniture and Undertaking.

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We wash everything but the baby. Put your duds in our suds, the best combination in town.

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Now is the time to pick out the material you want made up into that new Fall or Winter Suit. You will find us better prepared than ever to meet your demands in the season's very latest novelties. Our prices, of course, are always the lowest consistent with the quality of work. A. Horwitz, 121 E. Washington St.

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A Little Telegram Want Ad will Get Results. Try One.

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Still have a supply of Seasonable Summer Goods, Genuine Porcelain Lined Refrigerators, Ice Boxes, Ice Cream Freezers, Ice Tools of different kinds, different kinds of water coolers, The King Fly Killer, Lawn Hose, Lawn Mowers, Reap Hooks, and many other useful articles.

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Greensboro, North Carolina

Work Progressing on New Calaboose

Workmen are going right ahead with the work on what in the future is to be the city calaboose. The various doors and windows have been torn out and closed up in a substantial manner. As soon as the cement floor is laid and the windows barred the place will be ready for the cells and the finishing touches. Unless there is some delay the place will be ready for occupancy within the next two months. The commissioners have awarded the contract for a heating plant to heat the various offices and the jail will also be connected. Besides containing double the room of the present calaboose there is a separate room in which women prisoners will be lodged while awaiting trial.

Governor Gets Extra Large Watermelon

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 1.—One of the finest watermelons ever seen here—one that tips the scales very close to the one hundred pound notch—has been received at the governor's mansion for Governor Kitchin and his family, from State Senator W. S. Cobb, of Robeson county. Senator Cobb is making a specialty this season of a crop of melons for the market and shipped 31 cars last week to the northern and eastern markets. He expects to ship one hundred cars before the season is over. That section of the State is making a most successful record in the growing of watermelons and cantelopes for the market and the yields and the prices being obtained this season are proving very satisfactory.

Tact That Made Friends.

There is on record a tale of a pinch of snuff that turned enemies into friends. A well-known tobacco and snuff manufacturer's son entered one of the crack English cavalry regiments, to the great disgust of the aristocratic "gentlemen and officers" thereof. It was privately decided to make the intruder feel that he was not wanted in that exclusive unit of the service, and a neat plan was formed with that object. As soon as the dessert was over and the wine was on the rounds, on the first night he appeared at mess his brother officers simultaneously took out their pocket handkerchiefs, and then ensued what was more like a sneezing competition than anything else. The one for whose benefit this little hint was intended looked around a moment in mild astonishment before taking in the import of the display. Then he rose, dignified and calm, and with the politest air in the world, "Gentlemen," he said, taking out a silver-mounted snuff box, "allow me to offer you a pinch of my father's very best snuff." From that moment all antagonism was at an end.

The unexpected generally happens when it is least expected.

LOCALS WON OVER ANDERSON YESTERDAY.

Anderson, Aug. 1.—Errors by Fogarty were responsible for the Patriots' victory yesterday afternoon, the final score being 5 to 4. Anderson out hit and outplayed the visitors at all stages of the game.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Greensboro .. .. .. 020 030 000—5	7	0	
Anderson .. .. .. 022 000 000—4	9	3	

Batteries—Morrisey and Stewart, Kull and Brannon.

WINSTON WON CLOSE GAME FROM MUSICIANS.

Winston, Aug. 1.—By the score of two to one the Twins defeated the Musicians yesterday. Only one run was earned the other two coming by a passed ball and a bad throw to second.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Winston .. .. .. 001 000 01x—2	7	4	
Spartanburg .. .. 000 000 010—1	7	1	

Batteries—Swindell and Daily, Smith and McCarthy and Kunkle.

RAIN AT CHARLOTTE.

Charlotte, July 31.—A downpour prevented the game between Charlotte and Greenville this afternoon. A double will be played tomorrow.

DIAMOND DUST

Where They Play Tomorrow.

Spartanburg at Greensboro.
Winston at Charlotte.
Anderson at Greenville.

Baseball here tomorrow.

Game will be called at 4:30.

Musicians will be the guests of the Patriots.

The "roost" isn't a very comfortable place right now.

That rain yesterday was welcombed heartily in Hornet-town.

Clancy no doubt feels something slipping—it's that Bonus.

Winston has decided not to buy any flag pole this season—thep hope to use one in 1912.

Doyle says he doesn't see any use of putting the Winston folks to the expense of buying a flag pole, anyhow.

Wish Cincinnati would call in that fellow Swindell—they are doing him just like Greenville has been doing Cashion.

Those who have promised to contribute to the Winston bonus will no doubt pass resolutions thanking Manager Doyle at the end of the season for saving them their money.

After all, Winston may not be able to buy a pennant. Just think of the number of players they have had and released and yet they couldn't find twelve as good men as Greensboro has.

We hope Charlotte will get a manager next time that can see some merit in young North Carolina players and develop them. It must be sickening to the Hornets supporters when they think of the good men they let go before they discovered what was in them.

The teams will shift around tomorrow. Spartanburg comes here and Winston goes to Charlotte. Winston will be on the road while we will be at home for two days. Then Friday Doyle's men will go to Winston for the rest of the week. Any game now may put the locals on top.

There ought to be a big crowd out tomorrow to welcome the team home. Greensboro has won nine out of the last ten games played, which is a record for any team in the association to be proud of. Let's give the Patriots a reception that will show them how we feel about it. If we do, they will do wonders the rest of this week.

The two games in Winston the last of the week will be what other games between Greensboro and Winston have been this season—hard fought and interesting. Already a number of local fans are planning to go to the Twin City. With proper encouragement here and in Winston this week will end with the Patriots holding the coveted position.

Rev. Melton Clark Preached in Columbia.

Rev. Melton Clark, son of W. A. Clark of Columbia, and pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Greensboro, N. C., filled the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church last evening.

Mr. Clark is well known in Columbia, where he was reared, and always preaches a sermon pleasing to hear. He spoke last evening on a theme which he said was suggested by a hymn he heard some negroes singing at a Sunday school meeting in Greensboro, N. C., about the wise men going until they saw the light, and returning by a different way. His talk was very forcible.—Monday's Columbia State.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS IN THE BIG LEAGUES

National.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 8; Boston, 1.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 2; Brooklyn, 1.

At Chicago—Chicago, 4; Philadelphia, 2.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 2; New York, 3.

American.

At Washington—Washington, 5; Cleveland, 2.

At New York—New York, 0; Chicago, 13.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 3; Detroit, 6.

At Boston—First game: St. Louis, 2; Boston, 3. Second game: St. Louis, 3; Boston, 2.

Southern.

At Birmingham—Birmingham, 4; Memphis, 2. Second game: Birmingham, 6; Memphis, 5.

At New Orleans—New Orleans-Chattanooga—rain.

No others scheduled.

South Atlantic.

At Macon—Macon, 7; Jacksonville, 3.

At Albany—Albany, 0; Columbus, 1.

At Savannah—Savanah, 2; Columbia, 3.

At Charleston—Charleston, 2; Augusta, 0.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Carolina Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Winston	52	29	.642
GREENSBORO	52	30	.634
Anderson	37	45	.451
Charlotte	37	45	.451
Spartanburg	33	46	.418
Greenville	32	48	.400

Southern.

	W.	L.	P.C.
New Orleans	57	34	.626
Birmingham	51	43	.543
Montgomery	50	44	.532
Nashville	49	46	.516
Chattanooga	48	48	.500
Memphis	46	49	.484
Mobile	39	56	.411
Atlanta	36	57	.387

South Atlantic.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Columbiba	30	9	.769
Macon	21	15	.583
Columbus	20	15	.571
Albany	18	18	.500
Jacksonville	17	22	.436
Savannah	15	23	.395
Augusta	14	23	.378
Charleston	12	25	.324

American.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	62	32	.660
Philadelphia	60	33	.645
Chicago	48	43	.527
New York	48	46	.511
Boston	49	47	.510
Cleveland	48	50	.490
Washington	34	60	.362
St. Louis	27	66	.290

National.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	56	33	.629
New York	56	36	.609
Philadelphia	56	37	.602
Pittsburg	55	37	.598
St. Louis	52	41	.559
Cincinnati	39	53	.424
Brooklyn	34	58	.386
Boston	20	73	.215

Contract For the Y. M. C. A. Athletic Furnishings Awarded

The furnishings committee of the directors of the Y. M. C. A. have completed the awards of the athletic furnishings with the contract for the bowling alley supplies. The other athletic goods will be furnished by Fred Medart, of St. Louis, Mo. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, of New York city, dealers in athletic goods who specialize in supplies for alleys, will install the goods in the Y. M. C. A. The company makes three grades of bowling alley supplies and the committee chose the best and highest priced. There is no doubt but that the furnishings will be the finest that can be secured. As in the case of the pool and billiard tables, a charge of five cents a game will be made for use of the alley. This is done to keep it always in the best shape and to prevent any parties from monopolizing the tables or alley.

GUILFORD BARBER SHOP IS GREATLY IMPROVED.

The Guilford Barber Shop reopened its doors to its patrons this morning at 7 o'clock after spending yesterday behind closed doors for the purpose of installing various improvements in the equipment of the shop. The result is a splendid success and in its new decorations and with its new furnishings the shop easily deserves the more dignified term of tonsorial parlor. Manager C. W. Edwards spared no expense to get the best improvements, and the nine handsome and sanitary porcelain chairs, the individual cabinets on each side of the wall, and the light blue paper with green trimmings that adorns the ceiling adds greatly to the appearance of the city's largest barber shop.

Despair and Despondency

No one but a woman can tell the story of the suffering, the despair, and the despondency endured by women who carry a daily burden of ill-health and pain because of disorders and derangements of the delicate and important organs that are distinctly feminine. The tortures so bravely endured completely upset the nerves if long continued.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a positive cure for weakness and disease of the feminine organism.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the nerves. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. Honest medicine dealers sell it, and have nothing to urge upon you as "just as good." It is non-secret, non-alcoholic and has a record of forty years of cures. Ask Your Neighbors. They probably know of some of its many cures.

If you want a book that tells all about woman's diseases, and how to cure them at home, send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce to pay cost of mailing *only*, and he will send you a *free* copy of his great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser—revised, up-to date edition, in paper covers. In handsome cloth-binding, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R.V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

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Think of and Drink

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It is delightfully cooling and refreshing—relieves fatigue of body, brain and nerves---*quenches* the thirst—not just wet and sweet, but vigorously satisfying.

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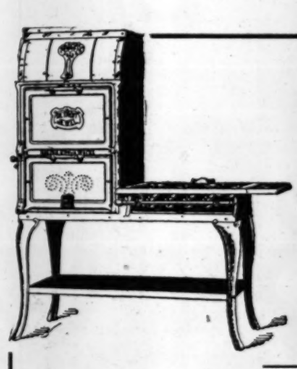

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Just high enough so that you can watch the meat without stooping.

The Cooking Top
Where your boiling, frying and general cooking is done. This is fixed at a most convenient height and does away with all awkward high lifting.

Extra Warming Plate
This is placed immediately under the broiler next to the cooking top. This plate will be found mighty handy for warming foods, also for slow boiling.

The Oven
Right above the broiler, easy to get at and easy to watch.

The Warming Closet
This is located in the bottom of the range. The closet is large enough to warm the dishes and keep the food warm for a party of twelve.

Extra Large Ovens
Both the oven and the broiler are extra large, not only wide and deep, but they have good height. This is an all important feature and one that will be appreciated by the cook.

Call at Our Office When Next You Are Down Town and See This Range

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